# APPENDIX D

# SUNX FIBER OPTIC LIQUID LEVEL SENSORS





# DIGITAL FIBER SENSOR

FX-300 SERIES



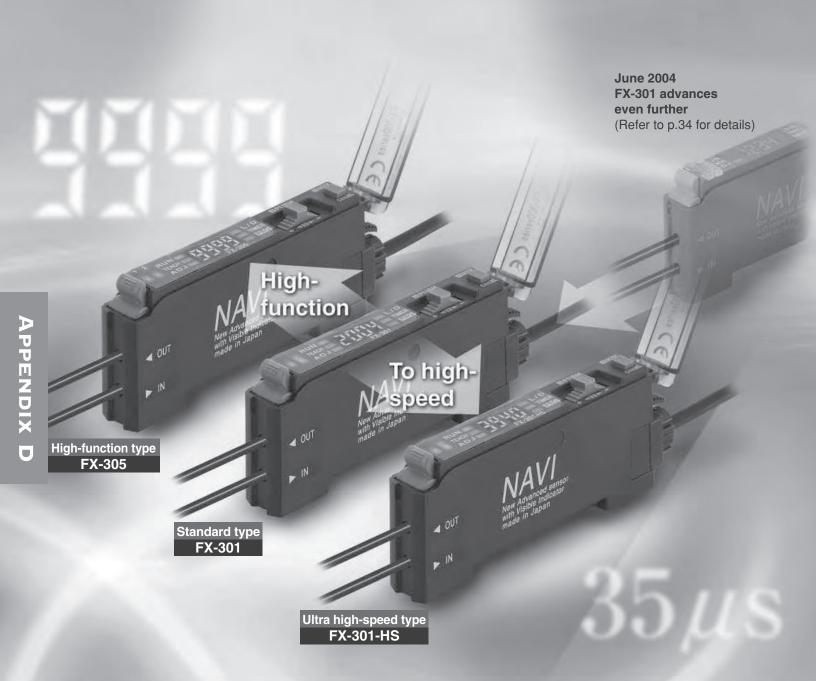


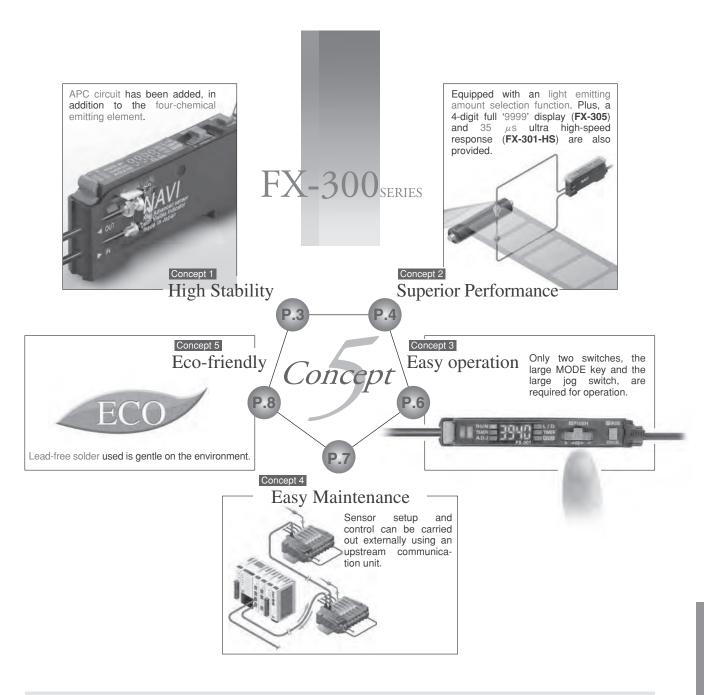
# Constant advances achieving the highest level of performance in its class

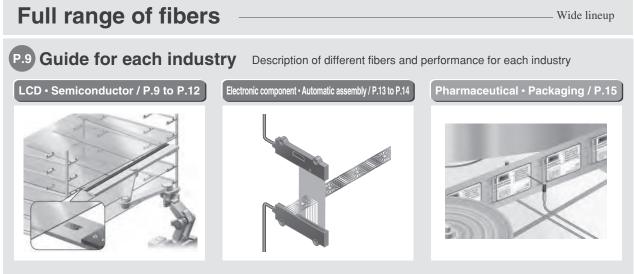


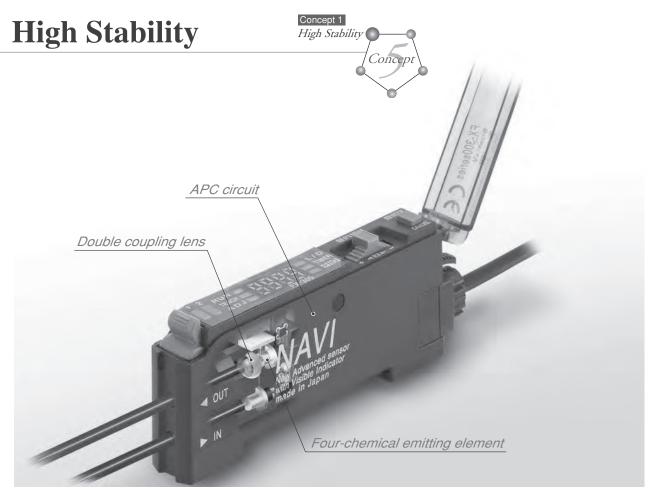
# The FX-300 series of next-generation fiber sensors provides the highest level of sensing performance in its class

'Stable sensing', 'high sensing performance', 'easy operation', 'improved ease of maintenance' and 'preservation of the environment' are the five concepts underlying the new FX-300 series!







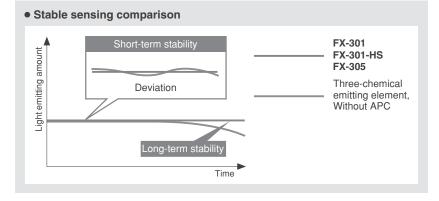


# Stable sensing over long and short periods



C-301 FX-301-HS FX-305

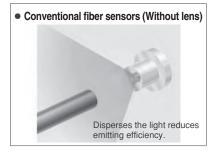
In addition to a 'four-chemical emitting element' which suppresses changes in the light emitting element over time so that a stable level of light emission can be maintained over long periods, a 'APC (Auto Power Control) circuit' has also been adopted afreshly. The light emitting amount can be controlled in minute degrees so that even changes occurring over very short periods can be handled, allowing stable sensing performance by suppressing deviations in light emitting amounts caused by changes in the ambient environment that could not previously be suppressed.

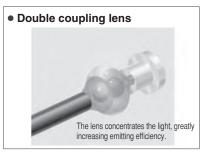


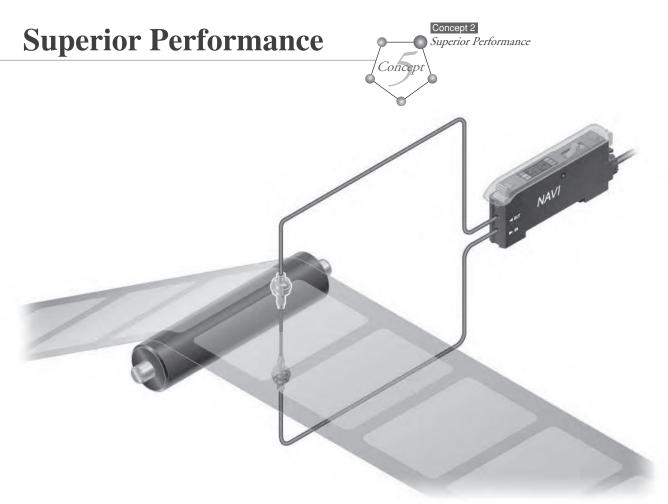
## Even greater sensing range

FX-301/B/G/H FX-301-HS FX-305

Adoption of a 'double coupling lens' that increases emission efficiency to its maximum limits and greatly increases sensing range. Sensing ranges with small diameter fibers and ultra-small diameter fibers, which have become very popular due to the miniaturization of chip components, have been increased by 50 % over previous values achieved with other amplifiers.

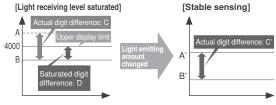






## **Light-emitting amount selection**

If the light receiving level becomes saturated during closerange sensing or when sensing transparent or minute objects, you can adjust the light emitting amount of the sensor to stabilize sensing without needing to change the response time. Sensing that previously required the response time or fibers to be changed can now be set much more easily using this function.



Level 3 Level 1

> Light emitting amount can be changed without changing response time

> > FX-305

FX-301 FX-301-HS FX-305

# Large display 9999



Large display with 4 digits (9999). With a greater difference in digit value than previous models, threshold values can be set in units of 1 digit up to maximum 9999. Threshold setting can now be done more easily and accurately.



(During STDF, LONG and U-LG modes)

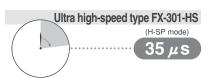
# Digit difference comparison Example Digit difference between object A and object B Previous models 4000 FX-305 Digit difference: Small Digit difference: Large

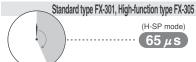
#### Ultra high-speed 35 $\mu$ s response

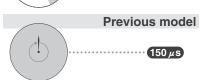


Ultra high-speed 35  $\mu$ s response. Even small objects moving at high speeds can be sensed. In addition, at 65  $\mu$ s the **FX-301** standard type is also twice as fast as previous models.

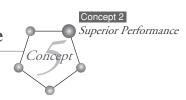








## **Superior Performance**



#### Simplified systems using new operating modes

FX-30

A window comparator mode and differential sensing mode have been added. These modes make it easy to carry out sensing tasks that previously required multiple sensors or involved complex threshold settings.

#### Window comparator mode







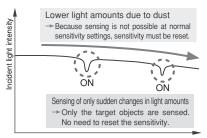
Upper and lower limits for threshold values can be set so that the incident light intensity can turn on and off within those ranges. Single output is used, so that only one cable is required, and no PLC processing is required either.

#### Differential sensing mode



<Sensing of tiny moving objects>



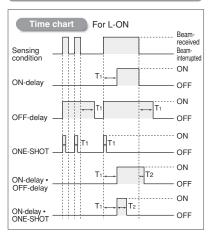


#### **Equipped with 5 types timers**

FX-30

The FX-305 includes the same ON-delay / OFF-delay / ONE-SHOT timer as the FX-301(-HS), as well as an ON-delay•OFF-delay timer and an ON-delay•ONE-SHOT timer. A wide variety of timer control operations can be carried out by these fiber sensors alone.

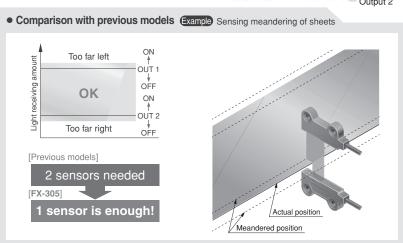
#### imer period: Output 1 0.5 to 9,999 ms (variable) Output 2 0.5 to 500 ms (variable)



## Multi-purpose 2-output

Two independent output channels are provided, so that one sensor can be used for control tasks that previously required two sensors. In addition, the second output channel can be used for simple self-diagnosis and alarm output, so that ease of maintenance is improved.





FX-305

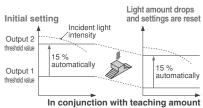
New Alarm output: Output 2 is set concurrently

with output 1

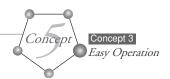
Drops in light amounts due to problems such as broken fibers or dirty tips are detected and output. When output 1 threshold value teaching is carried out with the FX-305, output 2 is set concurrently with the setting shifted by the amount of surplus.

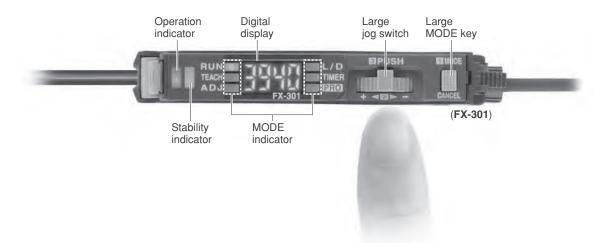
Drops in surplus amounts of light intensity due to dust or other particles can therefore be detected and output.





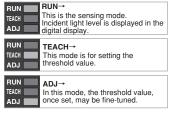
# **Easy operation**





#### Even beginners can quickly learn how to use the MODE NAVI

MODE NAVI uses six indicators to display the amplifier's basic operations. The current operating mode can be confirmed at a glance, so even a first time user can easily operate the amplifier without becoming confused.



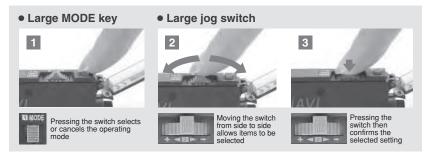




## The use of only two switches makes for very simple operations

FX-301/B/G/H FX-301-HS FX-305

Only two switches, the large jog switch and the large MODE key, are required for operation. Depressing the large MODE key sets the 'mode selection' and 'mode cancel' functions. The large jog switch is used to select from the detailed functions available within each mode, as well as to change numerical values after the mode has been chosen.



## Easy confirming of threshold value settings

FX-301 FX-301-HS FX-305

advanced functions, such as the copying of individual settings and the memory functions.

The threshold value can be confirmed by turning the jog switch even during RUN



Right: Output 2 for FX-305 Output 1 for FX-305



The threshold value is displayed

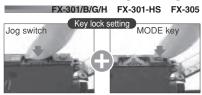
#### Improved workability! Data bank switching and teaching can be carried out externally

The FX-CH2 external input unit (optional) can be used to carry out teaching and data bank switching operations externally without needing to operate the digital fiber sensors directly.

This greatly improves ease of workability during setup.

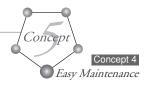


#### **Key lock function prevents** accidental setting changes



This disables input from the jog switch and MODE key, thus preventing operators from accidentally changing settings.

# **Easy Maintenance**

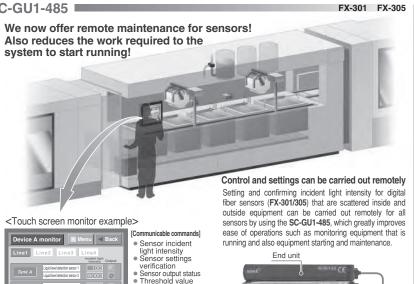


#### Communication unit improves equipment starting up and maintenance

upstream communication unit SC-GU1-485

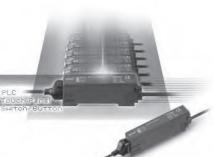
The communication unit enables inputs to the digital fiber sensors (such as teaching and data bank switching) to be carried out via a PLC, and also allows confirming of the incident light intensity an output status for the fiber sensors. This greatly improves workability during equipment starting up and maintenance.





#### External input unit FX-CH2

Teaching and data bank switching for up to a maximum of 16 digital fiber sensors (FX-301 and FX-305) can be carried out all at once using an external device such as a PLC, touch screen or switch.



#### Support for stable sensing and smooth setup changes!

Setup changes (external automatic teaching / data bank switching)

Digital fiber sensor settings can be changed using input from a touch screen or switch so that production line setup changes can be carried out more easily.

#### External teaching

Full-auto teaching is recommended for teaching when the sensing object is changed without stopping the line.

#### Data bank switching

Settings such as output operations (L-ON / D-ON) and timer operations can be recorded in the digital fiber sensor's data bank and switching can be carried out externally.

\* Up to 3 files can be stored.

#### ■ FX-CH2 function list

#### Teaching input

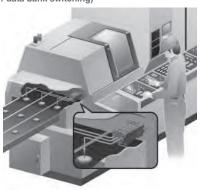
The following types of external teaching can be carried out.

- Full-auto teaching
  Limit teaching '-'
  2-level teaching

Data bank switching input
Switching between 3 channels of data banks and loading and saving of all channels at once can be carried out.

#### Key lock setting input

The key lock function that prevents incorrect operations by operators can be set on and off.



Main unit

FX-301, FX-305 24 V DO power supply

FX-301 FX-305

#### ■ Product lineup

Connector for input device CN-EP1 [1 pc. included with FX-CH2(-P)]

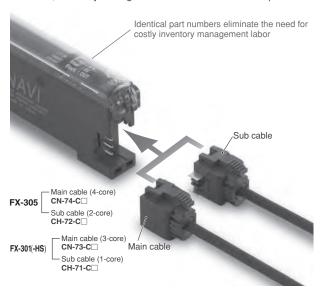


#### Wiring- and labor-saving design allows sideby-side configuration for up to sixteen units

FX-301/B/G/H FX-301-HS FX-305

#### One unit can be used as either a main unit or sub unit

The amplifier unit can be used as either a main unit or a sub unit. This feature allows for easy mounting in the side-by-side configuration. The main and sub unit functions are distinguished only by the proper use of the main cable and the sub cable. Moreover, inventory management and maintenance is simplified.



#### An optical communication function allows up to 16 sensors to be adjusted simultaneously

The optical communication function allows the data that is currently set to be copied and saved all at once for all amplifiers connected together from the right side. This greatly reduces troublesome setup tasks and makes setup much smoother. In addition, troublesome

adjustment operations at times such as when replacing sensors can also be carried out easily and data can also be copied and stored usina the optical communication function.



is not equipped with optical communication function capability. Refer to p. 30 for details

#### Settings can be entered directly using numerical input

Every function can be directly set merely by the input of a four digit code (numbers) from the code table. This convenient feature is easy to set up. In the event that settings are accidentally changed at the operating site, merely entering the correct code can restore the original settings. This results in easy and quick maintenance.



# **Eco-friendly**



Lead-free solder used is gentle on the environment ECO

SUNX promotes the use of lead-free materials in all of its sensor manufacturing processes including those used for the FX-300 series of digital fiber sensors.

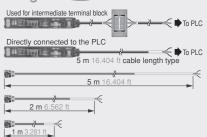
Reduced power consumption possible (ECO mode) ECO



This turns off the digital display to reduce power consumption to approximately 600 W or less. (960 W is consumed when the display

#### Selectable cable length ECO

Made available are 3 lengths, 1 m 3.281 ft, 2 m 6.562 ft, and 5 m 16.404 ft, to suit your application requirements. This helps reduce the waste caused by cutting cables and lightens the installation workload.



#### Environmentally friendly packaging ECO

With regard to effects on the environment, we only utilize the simplest of packaging methods greatly contributing to the reduction in wastes generated by your worksite. Also, the bags are made of polyethylene, a substance that doesn't give off polluting gases when burned.

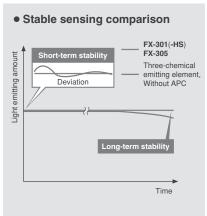


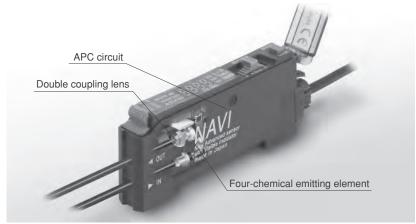
#### Improved stability over long and short periods

FX-301 FX-301-HS FX-305

A four-chemical emitting element for stable sensing over long periods has been added, in addition to an APC (Auto Power Control) circuit that suppresses fluctuations in light amount over short periods.

The light amount becomes stable a short period after the power is turned on, so setup time can be reduced.





#### Mapping fiber

#### FT-KV1, FT-KV8, FR-KV1

This ultra-narrow optical beam fiber is ideal for mapping wafers.



1.5 mm 0.059 in thickness FT-KV1 W2 $\times$ H1.5 $\times$ D20 mm W0.079 $\times$ H0.059  $\times$ D0.787 in ultra-compact size allows this sensor to be installed even in thin 200 mm 7.874 in wafer handlers.



Aperture angle 2° FT-WKV8, FT-KV8 Aperture angle for the ultra-narrow optical beam is 2° or less. The light does not spread much at all, so that stable sensing can be obtained.



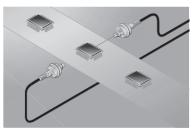
Retroreflective type FR-KV1
With a thickness of 2.3 mm 0.091 in, this fiber can be installed almost anywhere, and it is a retroreflective type so optical beam axis alignment is simple.

#### Heat-resistant fiber

#### FT-H□, FD-H□

A variety of types are available, including a convergent reflective type for accurately sensing glass substrates, and a type with a bending radius of 10 mm 0.394 in that hardly takes up any space.

IC detection within a high temperature handler



Flexible type FT-H20W-M2
Withstands temperatures of +200 °C +392 °F and has a bending radius of 10 mm 0.394 in, this fiber can be installed

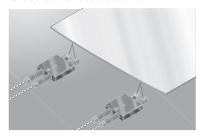
almost anywhere.

Glass substrate detection



Heat-resistant 350 °C +662 °F FD-H35-M2 Can be used in temperatures ranging from -60 to +350 °C -76 to +662 °F. Stable sensing is obtained even at temperatures exceeding +300 °C +572 °F.

#### Glass substrate detection



Convergent reflective type FD-H30-L32, FD-H18-L31 Accurately senses glass substrates at high temperatures of  $\pm$  300 °C  $\pm$  572 °F.

#### Large display 9999

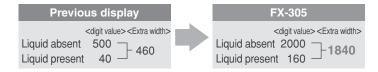
FX-305

Large display with 4 digits (9999)

Extremely fine settings for detecting minute changes can be made to provide more stable sensing for items such as transparent objects.

# Contact type liquid level detection fiber FD-F8Y Resist tank

[Example of using liquid level detection fiber sensor (LONG mode)]

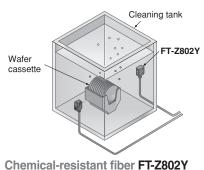


Extra display width has been increased!

#### Around liquids • Chemical-resistant fiber FT-Z802Y, FD-F705, FT-F902

Chemical-resistant fiber with fluorine resin coatings over the whole of the fiber, leak detection fiber that quickly sense leaks such as from detergents, and liquid detection fiber that accurately sense liquid levels are among the lineup of fibers that are ideal for liquid sensing.

Detecting wafer cassette in cleaning tank



Fluorine resin coating allows fiber to be

used with confidence even where contact

with chemicals may occur.

Detecting leak liquid in cleaning tank (Note) Detecting liquid presence within a pipe (Note)

Leak



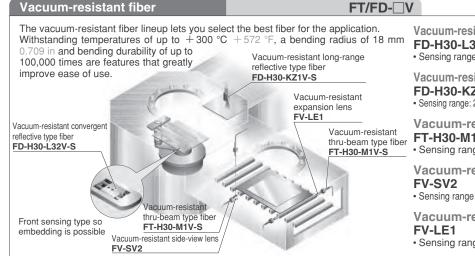
FD-F705

The unique effect of capillarity enables reliable detection of small leaks and viscous liquids.

Liquid FT-F902

Even if pipe diameters and thicknesses vary, the center of the beam axis always follows a straight line along the pipe, so that the setup environment has almost no effect on sensing.

Note: Use the FX-301-F amplifier that is specially designed for leak / liquid detection. For details, please refer to the 'sensor general catalog 2003-2004' or 'SUNX homepage' (http://www.sunx.co.jp/).



# Vacuum-resistant convergent reflective type FD-H30-L32V-S

• Sensing range: 0 to 8 mm 0 to 0.315 in (LONG mode)

# Vacuum-resistant long-range reflective type FD-H30-KZ1V-S

• Sensing range: 20 to 200 mm 0.787 to 7.874 in (LONG mode)

# Vacuum-resistant thru-beam type FT-H30-M1V-S

• Sensing range: 250 mm 9.843 in (LONG mode)

# Vacuum-resistant side-view lens FV-SV2

• Sensing range greatly increased without taking up space

# Vacuum-resistant expansion lens FV-LE1

· Sensing range increased by 4 times or more

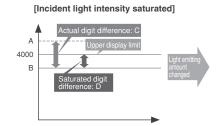
#### Light emitting amount selection function

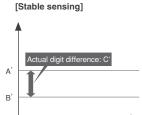
FX-301 FX-301-HS FX-305

When sensing transparent objects and minute objects, the light emitting amount can be changed without changing the response time, even for cases where the incident light intensity is fully saturated, which was not possible with conventional models. This allows stable sensing to be maintained, and there is no longer any need to change the sensing range or change the fiber sensor as used to be required.

Example: Sensing glass substrate







#### Comparison of saturation remedies

	Previous models		
■ Remedy	■ Problem		
Changing response time	Mode selection Affects positioning precision		
Changing fiber	Change to thinner fiber to reduce light amount Cost and man-hour inefficie		
Changing setting position	Increase sensing range	Man-hour and space inefficiencies	

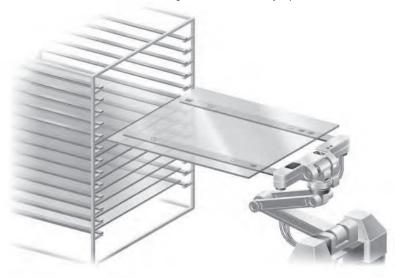
FX-301(-HS), FX-305

Light emitting amount selection function makes steps such as those at left unnecessary.

#### Fiber for glass substrate conveyor

#### FD-L40 series, FR-WKZ11

Fibers are available which are ideal for glass substrate conveyor processes.

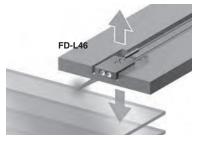


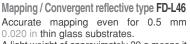


# Alignment / Convergent reflective type FD-L43, FD-L45

Even glass substrates with  $\pm$ 8 ° (**FD-L45**:  $\pm$ 6 °) of flexure can be stably sensed.

- High flexure of  $\pm 8^{\circ}$  (**FD-L43**)
- Long sensing range 30 mm 1.181 in (FD-L45)





A light weight of approximately 39 g means it can even be installed at the ends of handlers.



Seating confirmation / Convergent reflective type FD-L44

Long sensing range 0 to 6 mm 0 to 0.236 in for seating confirmation.

# Sensing glass substrate through a view port



#### Retroreflective type FR-WKZ11

A polarization filter allows accurate sensing of glass substrates that pass by the view port.

 Long sensing range 1.5 m 4.921 ft (when sensing glass substrates)

#### External data bank switching and teaching are possible External input unit FX-CH2

FX-301 FX-305

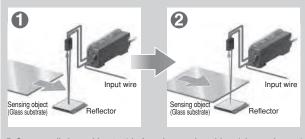
The **FX-CH2** external input unit (optional) can be used to carry out teaching and data bank switching operations externally without needing to operate the digital fiber sensors directly. This is ideal for locations such as clean rooms where entry and exit of personnel are restricted.

#### Sensing glass substrate (stable sensing of minute differences)

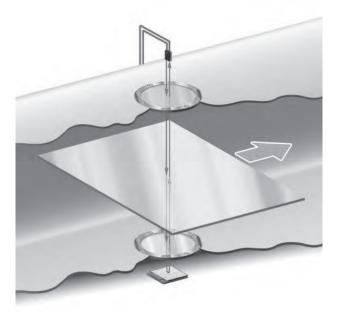
When sensing transparent objects and extremely small objects, variations in the incident light intensity caused by external factors such as slippage of the beam axis due to vibration can result in incorrect operation.

In such cases, periodically setting limit teaching '—' can be used to ensure more stable sensing.

The FX-CH2 can be used to carry out teaching externally, so that teaching can be carried out much more easily in places where entry and exit of personnel are restricted.



- ① Carry out limit teaching '-' before the sensing object (glass substrate) arrives (while there is no sensing object present). When the shift value is set to 5 % beforehand, the threshold value is set to a value that is at a level 5 % lower than the incident light intensity during teaching.
- ② Even when sensing glass substrates with high degrees of transparency (low damping), stable sensing is possible without changes in the light amount due to external causes.



# Upstream communication for reading data and teaching are also possible Upstream communication unit SC-GU1-485

FX-301 FX-305

A PLC or computer can be used for sending inputs (teaching or data bank switching) to the digital fiber sensors, and also a communication unit can be used for confirming incident light intensities and output statuses for the digital fiber sensors, which is ideal for equipment such as semiconductor manufacturing equipment in places where entry and exit of personnel are restricted.

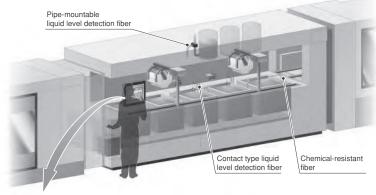
The sensor settings and operation can be confirmed on the touch screen, greatly improving ease of operation!

Ideal for workplaces such as semiconductor

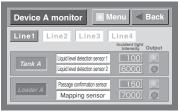
and LCD manufacturing lines where there are

restrictions on operators entering and exiting

#### ■ Example of use in semiconductor cleaning process



#### <Touch screen monitor example>

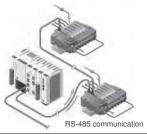


#### <Communicable commands>

- Sensor incident light intensity Sensor settings verification
- Sensor output status
   Threshold value settings, etc.

# High general compatibility so that any type of PLC can be used

RS-485 communication provides a high level of general compatibility so that any type of PLC can be used. Integration with existing systems is possible without the need to change PLCs.



Compatible with all PLCs equipped with RS-485 compatible units

#### Communication speed 57.6 kbps

High-speed communication at a maximum speed of 57.6 kbps allows the operator to instantly confirm information such as the incident light intensity and output statuses of the digital sensors.

#### Series connection of a maximum of 31 nodes is possible

A maximum of 31 nodes can be connected in series. This is ideal for flexible handling when the sensors are to be installed in scattered locations or if more sensors are added.

#### Less wiring and installation work

Up to a maximum of 16 sensors can be connected side-by-side. Power can be supplied to all of them at once, so that less wiring and installation work is required. Wire-saving connectors also makes it possible to send output signals to the PLC in a single batch.

#### High-speed response 35 $\mu$ s

FX-301-HS

These digital fiber sensors have the fast response time of 35  $\mu$ s. They are ideal for sensing minute objects that are moving at high speeds.



#### Independent dual outputs

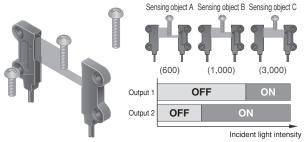
X-305

Two independent output channels are provided, so that one sensor can be used for control tasks that previously required two sensors. In addition, the second output channel can be used for alarm output and error output, so that ease of maintenance is improved.

Screw length discrimination

Distinguishing between sensing objects A, B and C

Output 1 and output 2 can be used together to distinguish between sensing objects A, B and C.



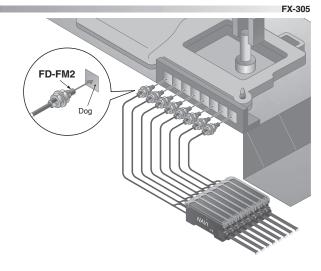
※ A window comparator mode for distinguishing between sensing objects with single output is also available.

#### Interference prevention up to maximum of sixteen units

Interference prevention can be set for up to a maximum of 16 units, so that they can be used with confidence in locations where the fibers are installed in contact with each other. In addition, interference prevention for two fibers can be set during 65  $\mu$ s ultra high-speed mode.

	Interference prevention switching function					
Mode		IP-1	IP-2			
	No. of units Response time		No. of units	Response time		
H-SP	2 units	65 μs	4 units	130 μs		
FAST	4 units	150 μs	8 units	300 μs		
STD	4 units	250 μs	8 units	500 μs		
STDF	4 units	700 μs	8 units	1.4 ms		
LONG	4 units	2.5 ms	8 units	5 ms		
U-LG	8 units	4.5 ms	16 units	9 ms		

For the **FX-301/B/G/H**, up to 4 units can be set. The **FX-301-HS** is not equipped with an interference prevention function.

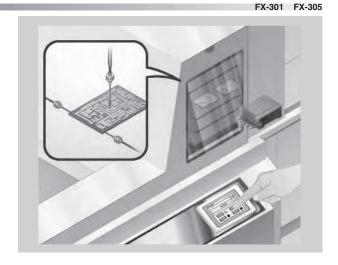


# Improved ease of working! External data bank switching and teaching

The **FX-CH2** external input unit (optional) can be used to carry out teaching and data bank switching operations externally without needing to operate the digital fiber sensors directly.

This is very convenient for equipment which requires frequent setup changes.

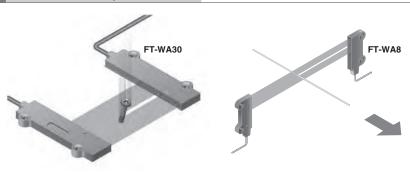




#### Wide beam fiber

It has a wide sensing width of 11 mm 0.433 in for the FT-WA8/A8 and 32 mm 1.260 in for the FT-WA30/A30 enabling long distance sensing of objects as far as 3,500 mm 137.795 in (with the FX-301 in long range mode). Optimal for detecting unsteady works or small objects.

#### FT-WA30/A30, FT-WA8/A8



**Detecting dropping screws** 

Wire breakage detection

#### Finest spot fiber

An ultra-small  $\phi 0.1$  mm  $\phi 0.004$  in spot size has now been made possible by combining our precision fiber with our finest spot lens. The orientation of 0603 chips can also be discriminated stably.

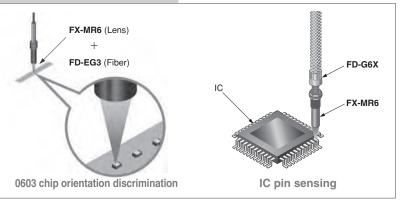
#### Finest spot lens FX-MR6

Fiber model No.	Distance to focal point	Spot diameter
	7 ± 0.5 mm 0.276 ± 0.020 in	
	7 ± 0.5 mm 0.276 ± 0.020 in	
	7 ± 0.5 mm 0.276 ± 0.020 in	
FD-WG4/G4/G6X/G6	7 ± 0.5 mm 0.276 ± 0.020 in	

#### Finest spot lens FX-MR3

	Distance to focal point	'
	7.5 ± 0.5 mm 0.295 ± 0.020 in	
	7.5 ± 0.5 mm 0.295 ± 0.020 in	
	7.5 ± 0.5 mm 0.295 ± 0.020 in	
FD-WG4/G4/G6X/G6	7.5 ± 0.5 mm 0.295 ± 0.020 in	

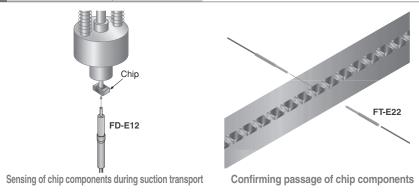
#### FX-MR6+FD-EG3



#### Ultra small diameter fiber

Sleeve head diameter of 0.25 mm 0.010 in has been realized (**FT-E12**). This has improved the sensing capability for minute objects such as the 0603 chip.

#### FT-E12/E22, FD-E12/E22



#### Rectangular head fiber

The allowable bending radius is 4 mm 0.157 in (1 mm 0.039 in for the FT-WZ8□). This allows the fibers to be routed with great freedom and uses less space. Because it is installed with only two M2 screws, light beam axis alignment is easy. A front sensing type, side sensing type and top sensing type are provided.

#### FT-Z8 /WZ8







Parts feeder surplus detection

#### Retroreflective type fiber

#### FR-WKZ11, FR-KZ21/22

The lineup includes retroreflective type fibers which are ideal for sensing transparent objects.



#### With polarizing filters FR-WKZ11

This fiber has a compact head of W9.5 $\times$ H5.2 $\times$ D15 mm W0.374 $\times$ H0.205 $\times$ D0.591 in. Equipped with allowable bending radius: R1 mm R0.039 in making it space efficient.

#### Side-view fiber

#### **FT-V10**

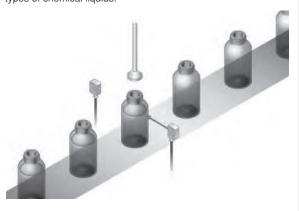
Because this is a side-view fiber, it is ideal for sensing in locations where space is scarce. Has a 4-side beveled shape and beam axis alignment with respect to the beveled surface is done when installing the product, so that the fiber can be installed easily just by aligning its surface.



#### **Chemical-resistant fiber**

#### FT-Z802Y

With the case made of PFA (fluorine resin) and fiber sheath with PFA (fluorine resin), the fiber can be used with various types of chemical liquids.



#### Tough flexible fiber

#### FT-P81X, FD-P81X, FD-G6X

Stainless steel braiding protects the fiber cable and prevents fiber breakage due to snagging.



Strong stainless steel mesh protects fiber cables from breakage



#### **ORDER GUIDE**

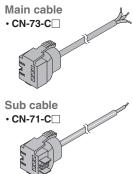
Conne	ctor type amplifiers	Quick-connection cable is not supplied with the amplifier. Please order it separate				r it separately.		
Туре	Appearance	Model No.	Emitting element	Output	Quick-connection cables			
1,00	прростанов	Wiodol IVo.	Emitting diamont	Catpat	Type	Model No.	Length	
		FX-301	Red LED	NPN open-collector transistor		CN-73-C1	1 m 3.281 ft	
		FX-301P	Neu LLD	PNP open-collector transistor	3-core)			
		FX-301B	Dive I ED	NPN open-collector transistor	Main cable (3-core)	CN-73-C2	2 m 6.562 ft	
rd type		FX-301BP	Blue LED	PNP open-collector transistor	Main c			
Standard type	avl.	FX-301G	Cross LED	NPN open-collector transistor		CN-73-C5	5 m 16.404 ft	
0)	NAVL	FX-301GP	Green LED	PNP open-collector transistor		CN-71-C1	<b>1 m</b> 3.281 ft	
		FX-301H	Infrared LED	NPN open-collector transistor	-core)			
		FX-301HP		PNP open-collector transistor	Sub cable (1-core)	CN-71-C2	2 m 6.562 ft	
peeds		FX-301-HS		NPN open-collector transistor	Sub ca	CN-71-C5		
High-speed type		FX-301P-HS	Red LED	PNP open-collector transistor			5 m 16.404 ft	
					core)	CN-74-C1	1 m 3.281 ft	
		FX-305		NPN open-collector transistor	Main cable (4-core)	CN-74-C2	2 m 6.562 ft	
tion type			Ded LED		Main	CN-74-C5	5 m 16.404 ft	
High-function type	NAVL		Red LED		core)	CN-72-C1	1 m 3.281 ft	
		FX-305P		PNP open-collector transistor	Sub cable (2-core)	CN-72-C2	2 m 6.562 ft	
						CN-72-C5	5 m 16.404 ft	

#### **ORDER GUIDE**

#### **Quick-connection cables**

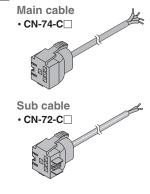
#### For FX-301(-HS)/B/G/H Quick-connection cable is not supplied with the amplifier. Please order it separately.

Туре	Model No.		Description			
	CN-73-C1	Length: 1 m 3.281 ft				
Main cable (3-core)	CN-73-C2	Length: 2 m 6.562 ft	0.15 mm <sup>2</sup> 3-core cabtyre cable, with connector on one end Cable outer diameter: \$\phi 3.0 \text{ mm} \ \phi 0.118 \text{ in}			
	CN-73-C5	Length: 5 m 16.404 ft				
	CN-71-C1	Length: 1 m 3.281 ft				
Sub cable (1-core)	CN-71-C2	Length: 2 m 6.562 ft	0.15 mm <sup>2</sup> 1-core cabtyre cable, with connector on one end Cable outer diameter: $       \phi 3.0     $ mm $       \phi 0.118     $ in			
	CN-71-C5	Length: 5 m 16.404 ft				



#### For FX-305 Quick-connection cable is not supplied with the amplifier. Please order it separately.

Туре	Model No.		Description			
	CN-74-C1	Length: 1 m 3.281 ft				
Main cable (4-core)	CN-74-C2	Length: 2 m 6.562 ft	0.15 mm <sup>2</sup> 4-core cabtyre cable, with connector on one end Cable outer diameter: $\phi$ 3.0 mm $\phi$ 0.118 in			
	CN-74-C5	Length: 5 m 16.404 ft				
	CN-72-C1	Length: 1 m 3.281 ft				
Sub cable (2-core)	CN-72-C2	Length: 2 m 6.562 ft	0.15 mm² 2-core cabtyre cable, with connector on one end Cable outer diameter: $\phi$ 3.0 mm $\phi$ 0.118 in			
	CN-72-C5	Length: 5 m 16.404 ft				



#### End plates End plates are not supplied with the amplifier. Please order them separately when the amplifiers are mounted in cascade.

Appearance	Model No.	Description
	MS-DIN-E	When cascading multiple amplifiers, or when it moves depending on the way it is installed on a DIN rail, these end plates ensure that all amplifiers are mounted together in a secure and fully connected manner.  Two pcs. per set

#### **OPTIONS**

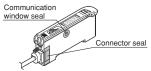
Designation Model No.		Description		
Amplifier mounting bracket	MS-DIN-2	Mounting bracket for amplifier		
Fiber amplifier protective seal	FX-MB1	10 sets of 2 communication window seals and 1 connector seal Communication window seal: It prevents malfunction due to transmission signal from another amplifier, as well as, prevents effect on another amplifier. Connector seal: It prevents contact of any metal, etc., with the pins of the quick-connection cable.		

**Amplifier mounting bracket** 



Fiber amplifier protective seal

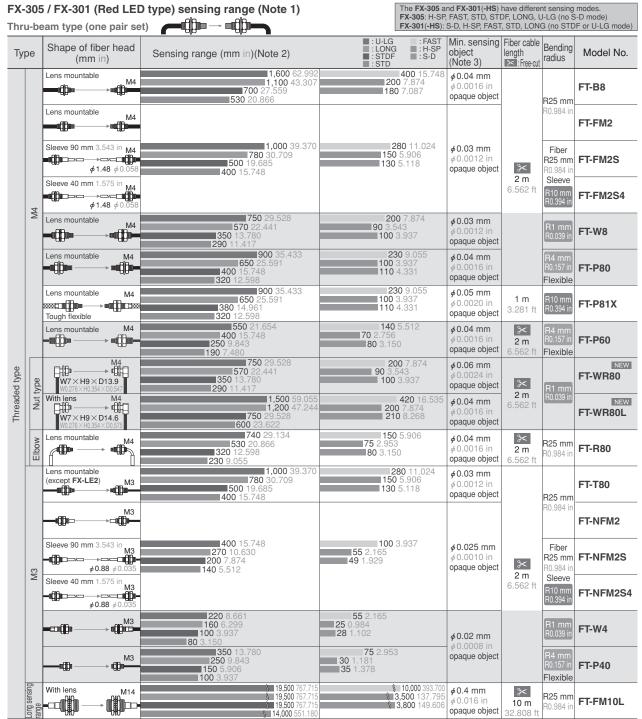
• FX-MB1



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Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.



Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the **FX-301-HS** in H-SP mode and for the **FX-301B/G/H**.

condition.

2) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.

SUNX

<sup>3)</sup> The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type. Please contact our office for information on the minimum sensing object size if using amplifiers other than red LED type.
The optimum condition is the condition when the sensitivity is set so that the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.

		6 / FX-301 (Red LED eam type (one pair se	type) sensing range (Note 1)	FX-305: H-SP	nd <b>FX-301(-HS</b> ) , FAST, STD, STI S-D, H-SP, FAST	DF, LONG, U	J-LG (no S	
Ту	pe	Shape of fiber head (mm in)	Sensing range (mm in)(Note 2)	■:U-LG :FAST ■:LONG ■:H-SP ■:STDF ■:S-D ■:STD	Min. sensing object (Note 3)	Fiber cable length : Free-cut	Bending radius	Model No.
	φ0.118	With lens · Long sensing range	1,500 59.055 1,200 47.244 750 29.528 600 23.622	420 16.535 200 7.874 210 8.268	<b>¢</b> 0.02 mm <b>¢</b> 0.0008 in opaque object	<b>&gt;</b> <	R1 mm	FT-WS8L
	φ3 φ0	<b>φ3 φ</b> 0.118	780 30.709   570 22.441   340 13.386   290 11.417	200 7.874 90 3.543 100 3.937		2 m 6.562 ft	R1 mm R0.039 in	FT-WS3
		With lens · Long sensing range	12,000 78.740 11,600 62.992 1600 23.622 800 31.496	580 22.835 170 6.693 280 11.024			R25 mm	FT-SFM2L
	.5 ¢0.098	φ2.5 φ0.098	1,000 39.370 780 30.709 500 19.685 400 15.748	280 11.024 150 5.906 130 5.118		2 m 6.562 ft	R0.984 in	FT-SFM2
	φ2.	φ2.5 φ0.098 □ □	750 29.528 570 22.441 350 13.780 290 11.417	200 7.874 90 3.543 100 3.937	opaque object		R1 mm R0.039 in	FT-WS8
	0	φ1.5 φ0.059 →	1400 15.748 270 10.630 200 7.874 140 5.512	100 3.937 55 2.165 49 1.929	φ0.025 mm φ0.0010 in opaque object	*	<b>R25 mm</b> R0.984 in	FT-SNFM2
	<b>♦1.5</b> ♦0.059	φ1.5 φ0.059	220 8.661 160 6.299 100 3.937 80 3.150	55 2.165 25 0.984 28 1.102	<b>♦</b> 0.02 mm <b>♦</b> 0.0008 in	2 m 6.562 ft	R1 mm R0.039 in	FT-WS4
Cylindrical type	φ1	φ1.5 φ0.059	350 13.780 280 11.024 160 6.299 120 4.724	90 3.543 40 1.575 42 1.654	opaque object	<b>1 m</b> 3.281 ft	R4 mm R0.157 in	FT-P2
Cylindri	<b>∲</b> 0.039	<b>φ1</b> φ0.039	100 3.937 80 3.150 150 1.969 40 1.575	30 1.181 13 0.512 17 0.669	<b>♦</b> 0.02 mm <b>♦</b> 0.0008 in opaque object	<b>500 mm</b> 19.685 in	Flexible	FT-PS1
	Ultra-small diameter	Sleeve part cannot be bent.		<b>8</b> 0.315 <b>3</b> 0.118 <b>3</b> 0.118	<b>φ</b> 0.02 mm <b>φ</b> 0.0008 in	<b>500 mm</b> 19.685 in	R5 mm	FT-E12
	Ultra-sma	Beam diameter \$\\\ \phi 0.4 \\ \phi 3\$ \$\\\\ \phi 0.25 \text{ mm} \\\\\ \phi 0.010 \text{ in} \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	130 5.118 80 3.150 60 2.362 150 1.969	36 1.417 18 0.709 15 0.591	opaque object	<b>1 m</b> 3.281 ft	R0.197 in	FT-E22
		<b>6</b> 3 0.118 <b>6</b> 4 <b>6</b> 0.157 <b>7 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	2,350 92.520 2,000 78.740 11,400 55.118 1,000 39.370	800 31.496 340 13.386 350 13.780	<b>¢</b> 0.05 mm <b>¢</b> 0.0020 in opaque object	}< 2 m		FT-V10
		\$1.5\psi 0.059\$  \$\begin{pmatrix} \psi 1.5\psi 0.059 \\ \psi 0.80 \\ \psi 0.031 \\ \psi \delta 2.5 \psi 0.098 \\ \psi 0.098 \\ \psi \delta 2.5 \psi 0.098 \\ \psi 0.000 \text{ of } 0.000 \\ \psi 0.000 \text{ of } 0.0000 \\ \psi 0.0000 \t	550 21.654 400 15.748 240 9.449 200 7.874	140 5.512 65 2.559 70 2.756		6.562 ft	R25 mm	FT-SFM2SV2
	Side-view	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	410 16.142 390 15.354 220 8.661 180 7.087	125 4.921 60 2.362 63 2.480	<b>φ</b> 0.02 mm • <b>φ</b> 0.0008 in	<b>1 m</b> 3.281 ft	R0.984 in	FT-V22
		$ \begin{array}{c c} & \phi 1 \neq 0.039 \\ \hline 0.024 & & \hline \psi 2.5 \neq 0.098 \\ \hline \text{Sleeve part cannot be bent.} \\ \end{array} $	220 8.661 175 6.890 1100 3.937 80 3.150	60 2.362 25 0.984 27 1.063	opaque object	}< 2 m		FT-V41
		$ \begin{array}{c} \phi 1 \phi 0.039 \\ \hline 0.039 \\ \hline \end{array} $ Sleeve part cannot be bent.	120 4.724 90 3.543 55 2.165 40 1.575	30 1.181 13 0.512 15 0.591		6.562 ft	R1 mm R0.039 in	FT-WV42

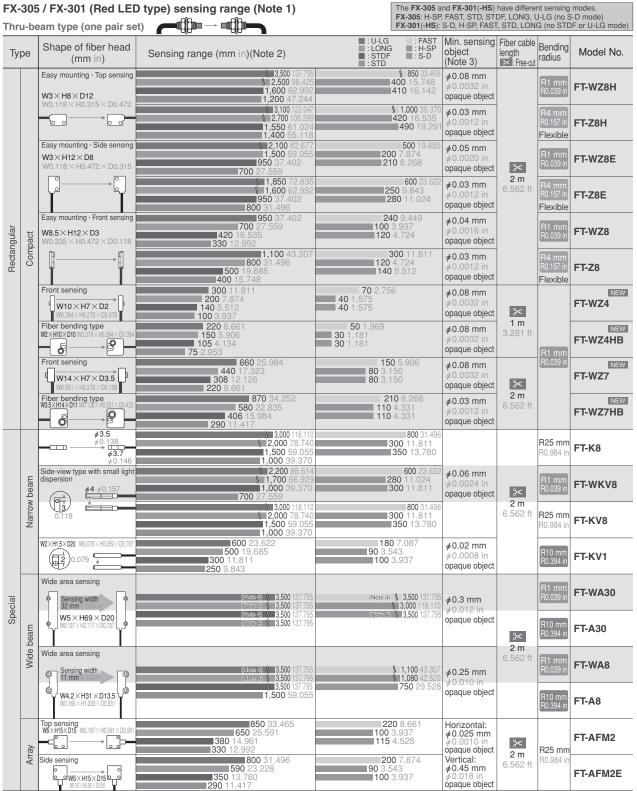
Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the **FX-301-HS** in H-SP mode and for the **FX-301B/G/H**.

2) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.

3) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type. Please contact our office for information on the minimum sensing object size if using amplifiers other than red LED type.

The optimum condition is the condition when the sensitivity is set so that the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent condition.

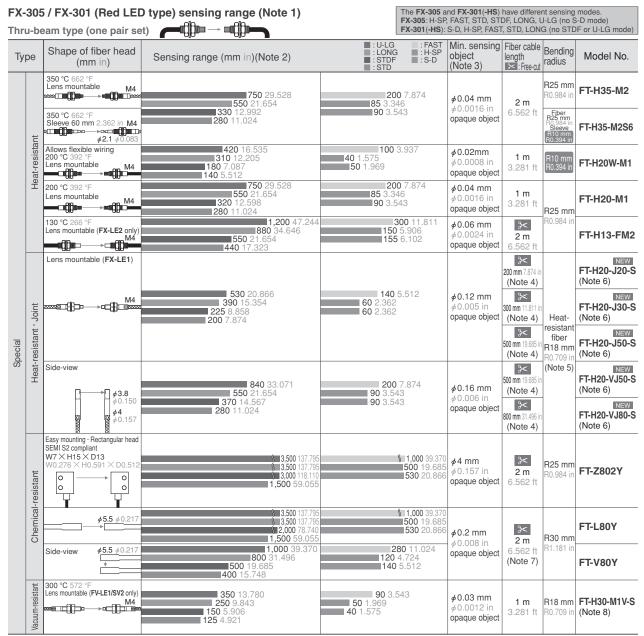
Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.



Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the **FX-301-HS** in H-SP mode and for the **FX-301B/G/H**.
2) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.

<sup>3)</sup> The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type. Please contact our office for information on the minimum sensing object size if using amplifiers other than red LED type The optimum condition is the condition when the sensitivity is set so that the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent condition

<sup>4)</sup> The fiber cable length practically limits the sensing range to 3,500 mm 137.795 in long.



Notes: 1) Please contact our office for the sensing ranges for the FX-301-HS in H-SP mode and for the FX-301B/G/H.

- 2) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.
- 3) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type. Please contact our office for information on the minimum sensing object size if using amplifiers other than red LED type.
  - The optimum condition is the condition when the sensitivity is set so that the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent condition.
- 4) This is the fiber length (fixed length) for heat-resistant fibers. The ordinary-temperature fibers are free-cut to 2 m 6.562 ft. 5) The ordinary-temperature fiber is R25 mm R0.984 in or more.
- 6) Heat-resistant joint fibers and ordinary-temperature fibers (FT-FM2) are sold as a set. Please refer to 'Heat-resistant joint fibers catalog' for details.
- 7) The allowable cutting range is 500 mm 19.685 in from the end that the amplifier inserted.
- 8) Sold as a set comprising vacuum type fiber + photo-terminal (FV-BR1) + fiber at atmospheric side (FT-J8). Please refer to 'Vacuum resistant fiber catalog'

Model No. when ordering heat-resistant joint fibers individually as replacement parts

- FT-H20-J20 (one pair set)
- FT-H20-J30 (one pair set)
- FT-H20-J50 (one pair set)

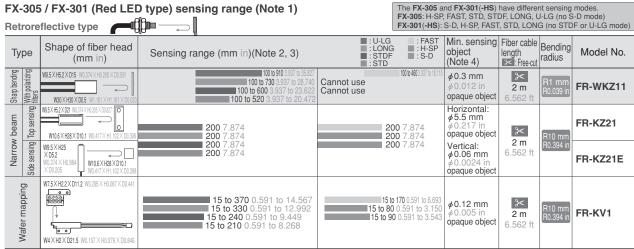
- FT-H20-VJ50 (one pair set)
- FT-H20-VJ80 (one pair set)

Model No. when ordering vacuum-resistant fibers individually as replacement parts

- · Vacuum-resistant fiber
- Photo-terminal

- FT-H30-M1V (one pair set)
- FV-BR1 (one pair set)
- · Fiber at atmospheric side FT-J8 (one pair set)

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.



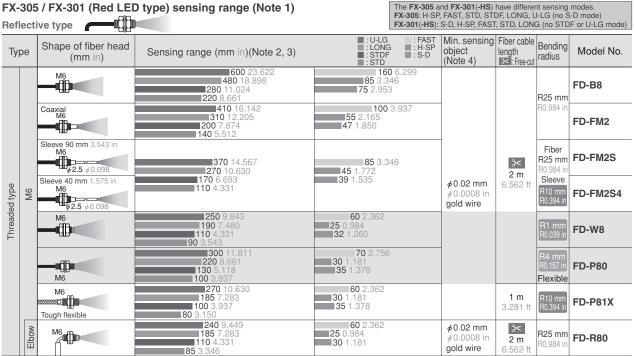
- Notes: 1) Please contact our office for the sensing ranges for the FX-301-HS in H-SP mode and for the FX-301B/G/H.
  - 2) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut. The sensing range of FR-WKZ11 is specified for the RF-13. The sensing range of FR-KZ21E and FR-KV1 is specified for the attached reflector.
  - 3) The sensing range of FR-WKZ11 is the possible setting range for the reflector or reflective tape. The fiber can detect an object less than 100 mm 3.937 in awav.

However, note that if there are any white or highly-reflective surfaces near the fiber head, reflected incident light may affect the fiber head. If this occurs, adjust the threshold value of the amplifier unit before use.

The sensing range of FR-KZ21(E) is the possible setting range for the reflector. However, if setting the fiber to detect objects passing within 0 to 20 mm 0 to 0.787 in from the fiber head, unstable detection may result.

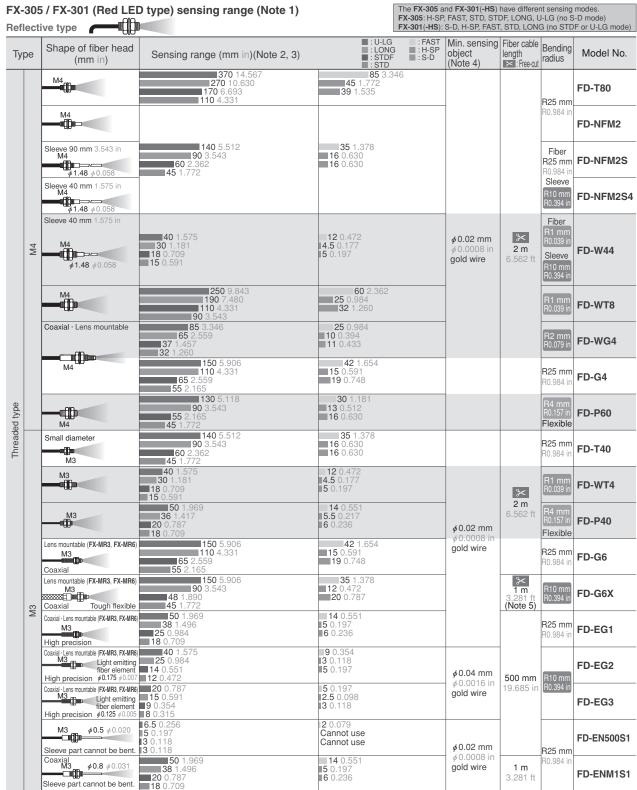
The sensing range of FR-KV1 is the possible setting range for the reflector. The fiber can detect an object less than 15 mm 0.591 in away.

4) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type. The optimum condition is the condition when the sensitivity is set so that the sensing output just changes to light incident operation in the object absent



- Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the **FX-301-HS** in H-SP mode and for the **FX-301B/G/H**. 2) The sensing range is specified for white non-glossy paper [400 × 400 mm 15.748 × 15.748 in] a
  - 48 in] as the object.
  - 3) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.
  - 4) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type at maximum sensitivity. Note that the corresponding setting distance is different from the rated sensing distance.

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.



Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the FX-301-HS in H-SP mode and for the FX-301B/G/H.

<sup>2)</sup> The sensing range is specified for white non-glossy paper [200 × 200 mm 7.874 × 7.874 in (FD-T80, FD-WT8: 400 × 400 mm 15.748 × 15.748 in, FD-W44, FD-W74, FD-P40, FD-G6, FD-EG1, FD-EG3, FD-EN500S1, FD-ENM1S1: 100 × 100 mm 3.937 × 3.937 in)] as the object.

3) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.

4) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type at maximum sensitivity.

Note that the corresponding setting distance is different from the rated sensing distance.

<sup>5)</sup> The allowable cutting range is 700 mm 27.559 in from the end that the amplifier inserted.

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.

		5 / FX-301 (Red LED	O type) sensing range (Note 1)	FX-305: H-SP	nd <b>FX-301</b> (- <b>HS</b> ) ; FAST, STD, STI S-D, H-SP, FAST	DF, LONG, U	J-LG (no S	
Ту	ре	Shape of fiber head (mm in)	Sensing range (mm in)(Note 2, 3)	■:U-LG :FAST ■:LONG ■:H-SP ■:STDF ■:S-D ■:STD	Min. sensing object (Note 4)	Fiber cable length	radius	Model No.
		<b>∮3</b> ∮0.118	370 14.567 270 10.630 170 6.693 110 4.331	85 3.346 45 1.772 39 1.535			<b>R25 mm</b> R0.984 in	FD-S80
	.118	<b>¢3 ¢</b> 0.118	250 9.843 190 7.480 1110 4.331 90 3.543	60 2.362 25 0.984 32 1.260	φ 0.02 mm φ 0.0008 in	*	R1 mm R0.039 in	FD-WS8
	φ3 φ0.	<b>Coaxial</b> <i>ϕ</i> 3 <i>ϕ</i> 0.118	85 3.346 65 2.559 37 1.457 32 1.260	25 0.984 10 0.394 11 0.433	gold wire	2 m 6.562 ft	R2 mm R0.079 in	FD-WSG4
		\$\dpsi \phi 0.118	130 5.118 90 3.543 55 2.165 45 1.772	30 1.181 13 0.512 16 0.630			R4 mm R0.157 in Flexible	FD-P50
be	\$2.5 \$0.098	φ2.5 φ0.098	140 5.512 90 3.543 60 2.362 45 1.772	35 1.378 16 0.630 16 0.630		2 m 6.562 ft	<b>R25 mm</b> R0.984 in	FD-SNFM2
Cylindrical type	\$ 1.5 \$ 0.059	φ1.5 φ0.059	30 3.150 50 1.969 30 1.181 25 0.984	19 0.748 17.5 0.295 19 0.354		<b>1 m</b> 3.281 ft	R4 mm R0.157 in Flexible	FD-P2
Cyli	Ultra-small diameter		■15 0.591 ■11 0.433 ■8 0.315 ■6 0.236	4 0.157   2 0.079   1 0.039	φ 0.02 mm φ 0.0008 in gold wire	1 m	R10 mm R0.394 in	FD-E12
	Ultra-smal	Coaxial $\phi 3 \phi 0.118$ $\phi 0.65 \phi 0.026$ Sleeve part cannot be bent.	65 2.559 45 1.772 28 1.102 23 0.906	17 0.669 8 0.315 7 0.276	φ 0.02 mm φ 0.0008 in gold wire	3.281 ft	<b>R25 mm</b> R0.984 in	FD-E22
		Small diameter  \$\displays 1.5 \displays 0.059  \$\displays 3 \displays 0.118  0.7  Sleeve part cannot be bent.	80 3.150 55 2.165 30 1.181 25 0.984	17 0.669 8 0.315 9 0.354			<b>R25 mm</b> R0.984 in	FD-V41
	Side-view	φ3 φ2 φ0.118 φ0.079 Sleeve part cannot be bent.	20 0.787 15 0.591 8.5 0.335 7 0.276	5 0.197 Cannot use Cannot use	φ 0.02 mm φ 0.0008 in gold wire	2 m 6.562 ft	R1 mm R0.039 in	FD-WV42
	(i)	45 42 φ0.197 φ0.079 08 0.031 Sleeve part cannot be bent.	170 6.693 100 3.937 55 2.165 45 1.772	32 1.260 15 0.591 16 0.630			<b>R25 mm</b> R0.984 in	FD-SFM2SV2
		Glass substrate detection · Mapping	12 to 50 0.472 to 1.969 12.5 to 37.5 0.492 to 1.476 15 to 36 0.591 to 1.417 15 to 35 0.591 to 1.378	16 to 29 0.630 to 1.142 Cannot use Cannot use	φ0.3 mm φ0.012 in gold wire	4 m 13.123 ft	<b>R25 mm</b> R0.984 in	FD-L46
		W25 X H7.3 X D30 W0.984 X H0.287 X D1.181  Glass substrate detection · Alignment  W20 X H29 X D3.8  W0.787 X H1.142 X D0.150	0 to 50 0 to 1.969 0 to 36 0 to 1.417 0 to 33 0 to 1.299	0 to 30 0 to 1.181 0 to 15 0 to 0.591 0 to 21 0 to 0.827		% 3 m		FD-L45
		Glass substrate detection · Alignment	0 to 30 0 to 1.181		(LCD glass)	9.843 ft 2 m	R4 mm R0.157 in	FD-L43
,	ve type	Glass substrate detection · Seating	0 to 23 0 to 0.906 0 to 8.2 0 to 0.323 0 to 6.5 0 to 0.276	<b>10 to 5.7</b> 0 to 0.224 <b>10 to 5</b> 0 to 0.197 <b>10 to 5.2</b> 0 to 0.205	φ0.03 mm	6.562 ft		FD-L44
Rectangular	nt reflecti	W12×H19×D3 W0.472×H0.748×D0.118	<b>10 to 6</b> 0 to 0.236 <b>10 to 4.7</b> 0 to 0.185 <b>10 to 4.5</b> 0 to 0.177 <b>10 to 4</b> 0 to 0.157 <b>10 to 4</b> 0 to 0.157	0 to 3.8 0 to 0.150 0 to 3 0 to 0.118 0 to 3.5 0 to 0.138	φ0.0012 in gold wire	2 m 6.562 ft	R10 mm R0.394 in	FD-L44S
Re	Convergent reflective ty	Glass substrate detection	■6.5 to 14.5 0.256 to 0.571 (Convergent point 8 0.315) ■6.5 to 14 0.256 to 0.551 (Convergent point 8 0.315) ■7 to 14 0.276 to 0.551 (Convergent point 8 0.315)	Cannot use	φ0.075 in		R1 mm R0.039 in	FD-WL41
		W24 × H21 × D4	17 to 12 0.276 to 0.472 (Convergent point 8 0.315)  ■ 2 to 19 0.079 to 0.748 (Convergent point 8 0.315)  ■ 2.5 to 18 0.98 to 0.709 (Convergent point 8 0.315)  3 to 16 0.118 to 0.630 (Convergent point 8 0.315)  3 to 16 0.118 to 0.630 (Convergent point 8 0.315)	3.5 to 15 0.138 to 0.591(Convergent point 8 0.315)	# 0.06 mm # 0.024 in gold wire	3< 2 m		FD-L41
			2 to 20 0.079 to 0.787 (Convergent point 6 0.236 2.5 to 18 0.098 to 0.709 (Convergent point 6 0.236 4 to 12 0.157 to 0.472 (Convergent point 6 0.236	4.5 to 11 0.177 to 0.433 (Convergent point 6 0.236)   5 to 8.5 0.197 to 0.335 (Convergent point 6 0.236)   4.8 to 9.5 0.189 to 0.374 (Convergent point 6 0.236)		6.562 ft	R10 mm R0.394 in	FD-L4
			■4 to 12 0.157 to 0.472 (Convergent point 6 0.236) ■ 0.5 to 8.5 0.020 to 0.335 ■ 0.5 to 7.5 0.020 to 0.295 ■ 1 to 6.5 0.039 to 0.256	1 to 5 0.039 to 0.197 Cannot use Cannot use		3.281 ft	R1 mm R0.039 in	FD-WL48

SUNX

Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the FX-301-HS in H-SP mode and for the FX-301B/G/H.

2) The sensing range is specified for white non-glossy paper (FD-S80, FD-WS8: 400 × 400 mm 15.748 × 15.748 in, FD-WSG4, FD-P50, FD-SNFM2, FD-V41, FD-SFM2SV2: 200 × 200 mm 7.874 × 7.874 in, FD-P2, FD-E12, FD-E22, FD-WV42, FD-L4, FD-W48: 100 × 100 mm 3.937 × 3.937 × 1.028 in R edge of LCD glass substrates, FD-L43, FD-L44 and FD-L45: 100 × 100 × 10.7 mm 3.937 × 3.937 × 1.028 in R edge of LCD glass substrates, FD-W41, FD-L41: 100 × 100 × 100 × 10.7 mm 3.937 × 3.937 × 1.028 in LCD glass substrates, FD-L44S: silicon wafers polished surface, FD-WL41, FD-L41: 100 × 100 × 100 × 10.79 in glass substrates).

3) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.

4) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type at maximum sensitivity. Note that the corresponding setting distance is different from the rated sensing distance. However, with the covergent reflective type, when the sensitivity is at MAX., it is only possible to detect the minimum size of the sensing object at a distance corresponding to the convergent point.

Pliable fibers (flexible and sharp bending fibers) are marked with light blue in the table.

		5 / FX-301 (Red LED	O type) sensing range (Note 1)	FX-305: H-SP	nd <b>FX-301(-HS</b> ) ; FAST, STD, STI S-D, H-SP, FAST	DF, LONG, U	J-LG (no S	
Ту	pe	Shape of fiber head (mm in)	Sensing range (mm in)(Note 2, 3)	■:U-LG :FAST □:LONG □:H-SP ■:STDF □:S-D □:STD	Min. sensing object (Note 4)	Fiber cable length	Bending radius	Model No.
		Front sensing  W10 X H7 X D2  W0.394 X H0.276 X D0.079	1 to 50 0.039 to 1.969 1.5 to 34 0.059 to 1.339 2 to 24 0.079 to 0.945 3 to 17 0.098 to 0.906	3 to 10 0.118 to 0.394 Cannot use Cannot use	<b>φ</b> 0.16 mm • <b>φ</b> 0.006 in	*		FD-WZ4
Rectangular	Small	Fiber bending type  W2×H10×D10  W0.079×H0.394×D0.394	1 to 70 0.039 to 2.756 1 to 46 0.039 to 1.811 1 to 32.2 0.039 to 1.268 2.5 to 23 0.098 to 0.906	<b>2.5 to 15</b> 0.098 to 0.591 <b>3 to 7</b> 0.118 to 0.276 <b>3 to 7</b> 0.118 to 0.276	copper wire	<b>1 m</b> 3.281 ft	R1 mm	FD-WZ4HB
Rectal	Sm	Front sensing  W14×H7×D3.5  W0.551×H0.276×D0.138	200 7.874 120 4.724 1 to 84 0.039 to 3.307 1 to 60 0.039 to 2.362	1.5 to 35 0.059 to 1.378 2.5 to 18 0.098 to 0.709 2.5 to 18 0.098 to 0.709	φ0.03 mm		R0.039 in	FD-WZ7
		Fiber bending type  W3.5 X H14 X D11  W0.138 X H0.551 X D0.433	0.5 to 270 0.002 to 10.630 0.5 to 180 0.002 to 7.087 11 to 126 0.039 to 4.961 11 to 90 0.039 to 3.543	1 to 70 0.039 to 2.756 1 to 35 0.039 to 1.378 1 to 35 0.039 to 1.378	φ0.0012 in gold wire	2 m 6.562 ft	2 m 6.562 ft	FD-WZ7HB
	Wide beam range	Long sensing range - Rectangular head  W5.2 × H9.5 × D15  W0.205 × H0.374 × D0.591	20 to 660 0.787 to 25.984 20 to 480 0.787 to 18.898 20 to 300 0.787 to 11.811 20 to 230 0.787 to 9.055	20 to 170 0.787 to 6.693 25 to 90 0.984 to 3.543 25 to 100 0.984 to 3.937		2 m 6.562 ft	R1 mm R0.039 in	FD-WKZ1
	Wide beam	W7×H15×D30 W0.276×H0.591×D1.181	230 9.055 200 7.874 150 5.906 150 5.906	100 3.937 45 1.772 50 1.969	φ0.02 mm φ0.0008 in gold wire	2 m 6.562 ft	<b>R25 mm</b> R0.984 in	FD-A15
	Array	Top sensing W5 × H20 × D20 W0.197 × H0.787 × D0.787	290 11.417 220 8.661	<b>78</b> 3.071	φ0.02 mm	3< 2 m	R25 mm	FD-AFM2
Special	An	Side sensing W5 × H20 × D20 W0.197 × H0.787 × D0.787	135 5.315 110 4.331	39 1.535	φ 0.0008 in gold wire	6.562 ft	R0.984 in	FD-AFM2E
	nsing	Contact type				2 m 6.562 ft (Note 5)	Protective tube R40 mm R1.575 in Fiber R15 mm R0.591 in	FD-F8Y
	Liquid level sensing	Mountable on pipe Standard W25 × H13 × D20 W0.984 × H0.512 × D0.787	Applicable pipe diameter: Outer dia. $\phi$ 6 to $\phi$ 26 mm $\phi$ 0.236 to $\phi$ 1.024 i [PVC (vinyl chloride), fluorine resin, polycarbonate, acrylic, glas		(Liquid)	  }  2 m	R10 mm	FD-F41
	Liquic	Mountable on pipe · For PFA, wall thickness 1 mm 0.039 in pipe W25 × H13 × D20 W0.984 × H0.512 × D0.787	Applicable pipe diameter: Outer dia. $\phi$ 6 to $\phi$ 26 mm $\phi$ 0.236 to $\phi$ 1.024 [PFA (fluorine resin) or equivalently transparent $\phi$			6.562 ft	R0.394 in	FD-F4

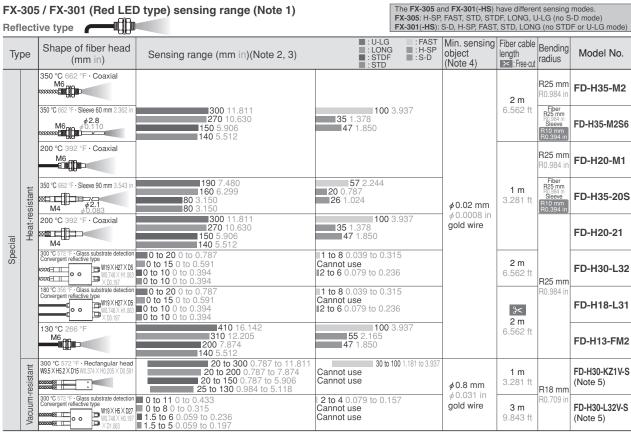
- Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the **FX-301-HS** in H-SP mode and for the **FX-301B/G/H**.

  2) The sensing range is specified for white non-glossy paper [200 × 200 mm 7.874 × 7.874 in (**FD-WKZ1**, **FD-AFM2**, **FD-AFM2**E: 400 × 400 mm 15.478 × 15.478 in)] as the object.

  3) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.

  4) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type at maximum sensitivity. Note that the corresponding setting distance is different from the rated sensing distance.

  5) The allowable cutting range is 1,000 mm 39.370 in from the end that the amplifier inserted.



- Notes: 1) Refer to p.27 for the sensing ranges for the **FX-301-HS** in H-SP mode and for the **FX-301B/G/H**.
  - 2) The sensing range is specified for white non-glossy paper [400 × 400 mm 15.748 in (FD-H30-L32, FD-H18-L31: 50 × 50 mm 1.969 × 1.969 in glass substrate, FD-H30-KZ1V-S, FD-H30-L32V-S: 100 × 100 × 10.7 mm 3.937 × 3.937 × 10.028 in transparent glass)] as the object.
  - 3) Please take care that the sensing range of the free-cut type fiber may be reduced by 20 % max. depending upon how the fiber is cut.
  - 4) The minimum sensing object size is the value for red LED type at maximum sensitivity. Note that the corresponding setting distance is different from the rated sensing distance.
  - 5) Sold as a set comprising vacuum type fiber + photo-terminal (FV-BR1) + fiber at atmospheric side (FT-J8). Please refer to 'Vacuum resistant fiber catalog' for details.

Model No. when ordering vacuum-resistant fibers individually as replacement parts

Vacuum-resistant fiber
 FD-H30-KZ1V
 FD-H30-L32V

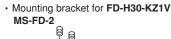


 Photo-terminal FV-BR1 (one pair set)  Fiber at atmospheric side FT-J8 (one pair set)

#### Accessories (attached with fibers)

RF-003 (FR-KZ21/KZ21E exclusive mirror)

RF-13 (Reflective tape)

FX-CT1 (Fiber cutter)

FX-CT2 (Fiber cutter)

FX-AT2 (Attachment for fixed-length fiber, Orange)

**FX-AT3** (Attachment for  $\phi$ 2.2 mm  $\phi$ 0.087 in fiber, Clear orange)

**FX-AT4** (Attachment for  $\phi$ 1 mm  $\phi$ 0.039 in fiber, Black)

**FX-AT5** (Attachment for  $\phi$ 1.3 mm  $\phi$ 0.051 in fiber, Gray)

**FX-AT6** (Attachment for  $\phi 1 \text{ mm } \phi 0.039 \text{ in} / \phi 1.3 \text{ mm } \phi 0.051 \text{ in mixed fiber, Black / Gray)}$ 

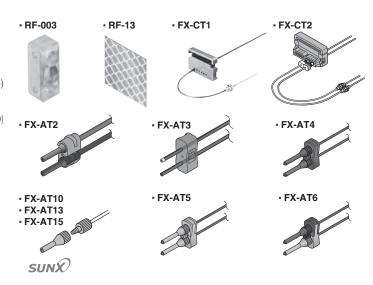
# If connecting to a fiber amplifier other than the FX-300 series

Applicable fiber amplifiers: FX2 / FX3 series

**FX-AT10** (Attachment for  $\phi$  1 mm  $\phi$  0.039 in fiber)

**FX-AT13** (Attachment for  $\phi$  1.3 mm  $\phi$  0.051 in fiber)

**FX-AT15** (Attachment for  $\phi$ 1 mm  $\phi$ 0.039 in /  $\phi$ 1.3 mm  $\phi$ 0.051 in mixed fiber)



#### LIST OF SENSING RANGE FOR FX-301(P)-HS·FX-301B/G/H

Sensing range for ultra high-speed type FX-301(P)-HS in H-SP mode (35  $\mu$ s)(Typical model)

	Fiber model No.	Sensing range (mm in) (Note)
Ө	FT-B8	160 6.299
typ ι	FT-FM2	120 4.724
Thru-beam type	FT-NFM2	<b>40</b> 1.575
hru-l	FT-E12	2 0.079
_	FT-E22	10 0.394

	Fiber model No.	Sensing range (mm in) (Note)		
•	FD-B8	60 2.362		
Reflective type	FD-FM2	<b>35</b> 1.378		
ctive	FD-NFM2	<b>14</b> 0.551		
efle.	FD-E12	1 0.039		
ш.	FD-E22	<b>5</b> 0.197		

Note: The sensing ranges are in H-SP mode. The sensing ranges in FAST, STD, S-D and LONG modes are the same as for the FX-301. (Refer to p.18~)

#### Sensing range for FX-301B/G/H (Typical model)

(mm in)

						Th	ru-beam ty	/ре				
		FT-B8	FT-FM2	FT-NFM2	FT-V10	FT-W8	FT-Z8	FT-P80	FT-A30	FT-A8	FT-E12	FT-E22
	LONG	220 8.661	150 5.906	<b>50</b> 1.969	400 15.748	90 3.543	120 4.724	130 5.118	2,400 94.488	600 23.622	<b>3</b> 0.118	14 0.551
FX-301B	STD	110 4.331	<b>75</b> 2.953	25 0.984	200 7.874	<b>45</b> 1.772	60 2.362	<b>65</b> 2.559	1,200 47.244	300 11.811	2 0.079	<b>7</b> 0.276
	FAST	<b>75</b> 2.953	40 1.575	16 0.630	<b>130</b> 5.118	30 1.181	40 1.575	<b>45</b> 1.772	700 27.559	220 8.661	1 0.039	<b>4</b> 0.157
	LONG	110 4.331	70 2.756	24 0.945	200 7.874	56 2.205	60 2.362	70 2.756	1,200 47.244	300 11.811	1 0.039	6 0.236
FX-301G	STD	<b>55</b> 2.165	<b>35</b> 1.378	12 0.472	100 3.937	28 1.102	30 1.181	<b>35</b> 1.378	600 23.622	150 5.906		3 0.118
	FAST	<b>40</b> 1.575	<b>24</b> 0.945	8 0.315	<b>65</b> 2.559	20 0.787	22 0.866	<b>25</b> 0.984	<b>350</b> 13.780	110 4.331		<b>2</b> 0.079
	LONG	100 3.937	<b>50</b> 1.969	16 0.630	150 5.906	<b>42</b> 1.654	46 1.811	<b>56</b> 2.205	800 31.496	220 8.661	<b>4</b> 0.157	10 0.394
FX-301H (Note)	STD	<b>50</b> 1.969	25 0.984	8 0.315	<b>75</b> 2.953	<b>21</b> 0.827	23 0.906	28 1.102	400 15.748	110 4.331	2 0.079	5 0.197
	FAST	30 1.181	18 0.709	5 0.197	40 1.575	<b>15</b> 0.591	16 0.630	20 0.787	240 9.449	80 3.150	1.5 0.059	3 0.118

Note: Infrared types are easily affected by humidity, so if using them in environments with high humidity or where the humidity fluctuates, please contact our office.

(mm in)

			Reflective type											
		FD-B8	FD-FM2	FD-NFM2	FD-W8	FD-P80	FD-AFM2	FD-G4	FD-EG1	FD-E12	FD-E22	FD-G6X		
	LONG	<b>80</b> 3.150	46 1.811	16 0.630	23 0.906	40 1.575	40 1.575	22 0.866	6 0.236	2 0.079	6 0.236	22 0.866		
FX-301B	STD	<b>40</b> 1.575	23 0.906	8 0.315	<b>11</b> 0.433	<b>20</b> 0.787	20 0.787	<b>11</b> 0.433	3 0.118	<b>1</b> 0.039	3 0.118	<b>11</b> 0.433		
	FAST	<b>26</b> 1.024	<b>15</b> 0.591	<b>5</b> 0.197	8 0.315	<b>13</b> 0.512	<b>13</b> 0.512	8 0.315	<b>2</b> 0.079		<b>2</b> 0.079	6 0.236		
	LONG	<b>42</b> 1.654	<b>24</b> 0.945	8 0.315	14 0.551	<b>20</b> 0.787	18 0.709	<b>12</b> 0.472	3 0.118	<b>1</b> 0.039	<b>3</b> 0.118	<b>12</b> 0.472		
FX-301G	STD	<b>21</b> 0.827	<b>12</b> 0.472	<b>4</b> 0.157	<b>7</b> 0.276	10 0.394	9 0.354	6 0.236	<b>1.5</b> 0.059		1.5 0.059	6 0.236		
	FAST	14 0.551	8 0.315	<b>2</b> 0.079	4 0.157	<b>7</b> 0.276	<b>5</b> 0.197	4 0.157	1 0.039		1 0.039	4 0.157		
FX-301H (Note)	LONG	<b>26</b> 1.024	<b>20</b> 0.787	6 0.236	<b>11</b> 0.433	18 0.709	<b>12</b> 0.472	<b>7</b> 0.276	10 0.394	<b>1</b> 0.039	6 0.236	18 0.709		
	STD	<b>13</b> 0.512	10 0.394	<b>3</b> 0.118	5.5 0.217	9 0.354	6 0.236	<b>3.5</b> 0.138	<b>5</b> 0.197		3 0.118	9 0.354		
	FAST	9 0.354	<b>7</b> 0.276	2 0.079	<b>3</b> 0.118	<b>6</b> 0.236	<b>4</b> 0.157	<b>2</b> 0.079	<b>3</b> 0.118		<b>2</b> 0.079	<b>5</b> 0.197		

Note: Infrared types are easily affected by humidity, so if using them in environments with high humidity or where the humidity fluctuates, please contact our office.

#### Sensing range when using in combination with FR-WKZ11 reflector (optional)

The sensing ranges are the values for  $\ensuremath{\text{FX-305}}$  /  $\ensuremath{\text{FX-301}}$  infrared types.

(mm in)

RF-230	100 to 3,200 3.937 to 125.984 (LONG), 100 to 2,000 3.937 to 78.740 (STD), 100 to 1,600 3.937 to 62.992 (FAST), 100 to 1,000 3.937 to 39.370 (S-D)
RF-220	100 to 2,400 3.937 to 94.488 (LONG), 100 to 1,300 3.937 to 51.181 (STD), 100 to 1,000 3.937 to 39.370 (FAST), 100 to 600 3.937 to 23.622 (S-D)
RF-210	100 to 1,100 3.937 to 43.307 (LONG), 100 to 700 3.937 to 27.559 (STD), 100 to 550 3.937 to 21.654 (FAST), 100 to 300 3.937 to 11.811 (S-D)

Note: The sensing range indicates the allowable setting range for the reflector. The fiber head can detect objects at distances of 100 mm 3.937 in or less. However, note that if there are any white or highly-reflective surfaces near the fiber head, reflected incident light may affect the fiber head. If this occurs, adjust the threshold value of the amplifier before use.

#### **FIBER OPTIONS**

#### Lens (For thru-beam type fiber)

	Designation	Model No.			Description	ı						
				Increases the sensing	Sensing ra	nge for	red LI	ED type (n	nm) [Ler	ns on bo	th sides	(Note 3)
				range by 5 times or more.	Fiber Mode	U-LG	LONG	G STDF	STD	FAST	S-D	H-SP
					FT-B8			Note 2 3,000	2.500	2.000	1,000	1,000
				Ambient temperature:	FT-FM2			Note 2 3,500 Note 2			1,300	1,000
			2.4	_ 60 to +350 °C	FT-T80			Note 2 3,500 (Note:			1,300	1,000
	Expansion		2	− 76 to + 662 °F	FT-R80			Nate 2) 3,500 (Nate 2		1,600	800	750
	lens	FX-LE1			FT-W8			Note 2 3,500 (Note 2		2,000	1,000	900
	(Note 1)							Note 2 3,500 (Note 2			1,100	1,000
	, ,		A L		FT-P60			Note 2 3,500 (Note 2			900	800
					FT-P81X			Note 2 1,600 (Note:			1,100	950 700
					FT-H35-M2 FT-H20W-M1				2,000	1,500 900	750 500	400
					FT-H20-M1						900	600
					F 1-1120-W1	1,000 (NOR 2)	1,000	[NOB2] [1,000 [NOB:	1 ,000   NOIS:	11,100	300	000
				Tremendously increases the	Sensing ra	inge for	red LI	ED type (n	nm) [Lei	ns on bo	th sides	] (Note 3)
				sensing range with large	Fiber Mode	U-LG	LONG	G STDF	STD	FAST	S-D	H-SP
				diameter lenses.	FT-B8			Note 2   3,500 Note 2				
-		FX-LE2			FT-FM2			Note 2 3,500 Note 2				
ä	Super- expansion lens			Ambient temperature:	FT-R80			Note 2 3,500 Note 2				
e t				-60 to +350 °C	FT-W8			Note 2 3,500 Note 2				
Ş.				- 76 to + 662 °F		3,500 (Note 2)	3,500	Note 2 3,500 Note 2	3,500 Nate:	3,500 (Note 2)	3,500 (Note 2	3,500 (Note 2)
E								Note 2 3,500 Note 2				
al	(Note 1)				FT-P81X			Note 2 1,600 Note 2				
Ą					FT-H35-M2							
릴					FT-H20W-M1 FT-H20-M1							1,600 (Note 2)
For thru-beam type fiber					FT-H13-FM2							
R					1 1-1110-1 WIZ	[3,300 NOR2)						
				Beam axis is bent by 90 °.			(	Sensing range f		rpe (mm) [Ler		des] (Note 3)
								Fiber Mode	LONG	STD	FAST	S-D
				Ambient temperature:			Ī	FT-B8	1,100	530	400	186
				-60 to +300 °C				FT-FM2	1,200	600	440	210
			477	− 76 to + 572 °F				FT-T80	1,200	600	440	210
	Side-view	FX-SV1						FT-W8	900	450	330	160
	lens	FX-5VI	1					FT-P80	1,200	600	440	210
								FT-P60 FT-P81X	1,200	300	200 440	130 200
								FT-P81X FT-H35-M2		600 280	200	90
								FT-H20W-M1		140	100	50
								FT-H20-M1		280	200	90
							ı		, 550			
	Expansion		1	Sensing range increases by	Sensing ra	nge for r	ed LE	D type (mr	n) [Lens	on both	sides] (l	Note 3, 4)
	lens for	FV-LE1		10 times or more.	Mode	U-LG	LONG	G STDF	STD	FAST	S-D	H-SP
	vacuum fiber	' ' '	0	Ambient temperature:	FT-H30-M1V		1,20		450	300	150	200
	(Note 1)		- Williams	$-40 \text{ to } + 120 ^{\circ}\text{C} - 40 \text{ to } + 248 ^{\circ}\text{F}$		.,	, .,_0	. ,	,			

- Notes: 1) Be careful when installing the thru-beam type fiber equipped with the expansion lens, as the beam envelope becomes narrow and alignment is difficult. Especially when installing a fiber with many cores (sharp bending fibers and heat-resistant glass fiber), please be sure to use it only after you have adjusted it sufficiently.

  2) The fiber cable length practically limits the sensing range to 3,500 mm 137.795 in long (FT-H20W-M1, FT-P81X and FT-H20-M1: 1,600 mm 62.992 in).

  3) The sensing ranges are the values for red LED type amplifier. Please contact our office for details on sensing ranges for other types of amplifiers.

  4) The fiber cable length for the FT-H30-M1V is 1 m 3.281 ft. The sensing ranges in U-LG and LONG modes take into account the length of the FT-J8 atmospheric side fiber.

#### Lens (For reflective type fiber)

[	Designation	Model No.		Description						
	Pinpoint spot lens	FX-MR1		Pinpoint spot of $\phi$ 0.5 mm $\phi$ 0.020 in. Enable • Distance to focal point: 6 $\pm$ 1 mm 0.236 $\pm$ • Ambient temperature: $-$ 40 to $+$ 70 °C $-$						
	Zoom lens	FX-MR2	Screw-in to depth to Spot Spot Spot Spot Spot Spot Spot S	The spot diameter is adjustable from \$0.7 mm to \$2 mm \$0.028 in to \$0.079 in according to how much the fiber is screwed in.  • Applicable fibers: FD-WG4, FD-G4  • Ambient temperature: -40 to +70 °C -40 to +158 °F  • Accessory: MS-EX-3 (mounting bracket)	Sensing range for red LED type (Note)           Screw-in depth         Distance to focal point         Spot diameter           7 mm         18.5 mm approx.         \$0.7 mm           12 mm         27 mm approx.         \$1.2 mm           14 mm         43 mm approx.         \$2.0 mm					
For reflective type fiber	Finest spot lens	FX-MR3		Extremely fine spot of \$\phi0.3\text{ mm} \$\phi0.012\text{ in approx. achieved.}  • Applicable fibers: FD-WG4, FD-G4, FD-EG1, FD-EG2, FD-EG3, FD-G6X, FD-G6  • Ambient temperature:  -40 to +70 °C -40 to +158 °F	Sensing range for red LED type (Note)           Fiber model No.         Distance to focal point         Spot diameter           FD-EG3         7.5 ± 0.5 mm					
For refl	Finest spot lens	FX-MR6	Distance to focal point Spot diameter	Extremely fine spot of \$\phi0.1 \text{ mm} \$\phi0.004\$ in approx. achieved.  • Applicable fibers: FD-WG4, FD-G4, FD-EG1, FD-EG2, FD-EG3, FD-G6X, FD-G6  • Ambient temperature:  - 20 to +60 °C -4 to +140 °F	Sensing range for red LED type (Note)					
	Zoom lens (Side-view type)	FX-MR5	Screw-in depth-	FX-MR2 is converted into a side-view type and can be mounted in a very small space.  • Applicable fibers: FD-WG4, FD-G4  • Ambient temperature:  — 40 to +70 °C — 40 to +158 °F	Sensing range for red LED type (Note)					

Note: The sensing ranges are the values when used in combination with red LED type amplifier. Please contact our office for details on sensing ranges for other types of amplifier.



#### **FIBER OPTIONS**

#### Others

Designation	Model No.				Description	1		
	FTP-500 (0.5 m 1.640 ft)	For		FT-B8	FT-P80			
	FTP-1000 (1 m 3.281 ft)	M4		FT-FM2 FT-FM2S	FT-P60 FT-FM2S4			
Protective tube	FTP-1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft)	thread		FT-H13-FM2				
(For thru-beam) type fiber	FTP-N500 (0.5 m 1.640 ft)	For		FT-T80	FT-P40	The protective tube, made of non-corrosive stainless steel, protects the inner		
	FTP-N1000 (1 m 3.281 ft)	M3	ers	FT-NFM2				
	FTP-N1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft)	thread	Applicable fibers	FT-NFM2S				
	<b>FDP-500</b> (0.5 m 1.640 ft)	For	licab	FD-B8	FD-P80	fiber cable from any		
	FDP-1000 (1 m 3.281 ft)	M6	Арр	FD-FM2 FD-FM2S	FT-H13-FM2	external forces.		
Protective tube / For reflective \	FDP-1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft)	thread		FD-FM2S4				
type fiber	<b>FDP-N500</b> (0.5 m 1.640 ft)	For		FD-T80				
	FDP-N1000 (1 m 3.281 ft)	M4		FD-NFM2 FD-NFM29	3			
	FDP-N1500 (1.5 m 4.921 ft)	thread		FD-NFM29	64			
Fiber bender	FB-1			nder bends t s. (Note)	he sleeve pa	art of the fiber head at the		
Universal sensor	MS-AJ1-F	Horizontal mounting type			Mounting stand assembly for fiber			
mounting stand	MS-AJ2-F	Vertical mounting type		(For M3, M4 or M6 threaded head fiber)				
Files a state	FX-CT2	The free-cut type fiber can be easily cut.						
Fiber cutter	FX-CT1	Accessory. <b>FX-CT1</b> is attached with the <b>FT-P80</b> or the <b>FD-P80</b> . The <b>FX-CT2</b> is provided with fibers other than this.						
Attachment for fixed-length fiber	FX-AT2	This is the	ne at	tachment for	the fixed leng	gth fiber. (Accessory)		
Attachment for \$\phi 2.2 mm \$\phi 0.087\$ in fiber	FX-AT3					n ∮0.087 in fiber. <b>T-P80</b> or the <b>FD-P80</b> .)		
Attachment for $\phi$ 1 mm $\phi$ 0.039 in fiber	FX-AT4	This is the	ne at	tachment for	the $\phi$ 1 mm $_{g}$	60.039 in fiber. (Accessory)		
Attachment for $\phi$ 1.3 mm $\phi$ 0.051 in fiber	FX-AT5	This is the		tachment for	the $\phi$ 1.3 mm	φ 0.051 in <b>fiber</b> .		
Attachment for $\phi$ 1 mm $\phi$ 0.039 in / $\phi$ 1.3 mm $\phi$ 0.051 in mixed fiber	FX-AT6			attachment fixed fiber. (Ad		mm φ0.039 in / <b>φ1.3</b> mm		

Note: Do not bend the sleeve part of any side-view type fiber or ultra-small diameter head type fiber.

#### Fiber attachment

#### It's possible to simultaneously cut two fibers to the same length

Each fiber (with some exceptions) has a newly developed two-in-one fiber attachment (FX-AT3/AT4/AT5/AT6) which enables two fibers to be cut simultaneously to the same length with the new fiber cutter (FX-CT2). Also, since the fibers can be attached to the amplifier while being fixed in position in the two-in-one fiber attachment, sensitivity changes resulting from variation in the amount of fiber insertion do not occur.









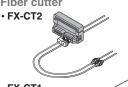






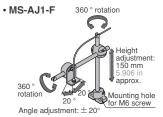
Protective tube • FTP-• FDP-

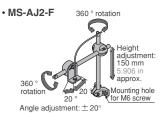






Universal sensor mounting stand Using the arm which enables adjustment in the horizontal direction, sensing can also be done from above an assembly line.





#### FX-AT4/AT5/AT6



#### Guide to interchanging fiber length and sleeve length



Custom-ordered products are available with different fiber lengths and sleeve lengths in order to respond quickly to different requirements.

#### **Custom-ordered product (Typical)**

- Fiber length can be set up to 30 m 98.425 ft in units of 1 m 3.281 ft ······· FT-B8, FT-AFM2 etc.
   Sleeve length can be set up to 12 cm 4.724 in units of 1 cm 0.394 in ····· FT-FM2S4, FD-NFM2S4 etc.

Please contact us.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Refer to the 'Sensor general catalog 2003-2004' for fiber specifications.

1		Typo		Standa	ard type		High-speed	High-function type			
,		Туре	Red LED	Blue LED	Green LED	Infrared LED	type	High-function type			
	Model No.	NPN output	FX-301	FX-301B	FX-301G	FX-301H	FX-301-HS	FX-305			
Iter	m \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	PNP output	FX-301P	FX-301BP	FX-301GP	FX-301HP	FX-301P-HS	FX-305P			
Sup	ply voltage				12 to 24	4 V DC ± 10 %	Ripple P-P 10 %	% or less			
Pow	ver consumption		Normal operation: 960	< Red LED / Infrared LED type> Normal operation: 960 mW or less (Current consumption 40 mA or less at 24 V supply voltage) ECO mode: 600 mW or less (Current consumption 18 mA or less at 24 V supply voltage) ECO mode: 430 mW or less (Current consumption 18 mA or less at 24 V supply voltage)							
			Maximum sin     Applied vol	billector transisto k current:100 mA (§ ltage: 30 V DC (	r 50 mA, if five, or mor or less (between (at 50 mA, if five, or more,	output and 0 V)	,	<npn output="" type=""> NPN open-collector transistor 2 outputs <ul> <li>Maximum sink current: 50 mA each (Note 1)</li> <li>Applied voltage: 30 V DC or less (between output and 0 V)</li> <li>Residual voltage: 1.5 V or less [at 50 mA (Note 1)]</li> </ul></npn>			
Out	pui		Maximum sou     Applied vol	ollector transisto urce current: 100 mA Itage: 30 V DC o	r a (50 mA, if five, or mo or less (between at 50 mA, if five, or more, a	<pnp output="" type=""> PNP open-collector transistor 2 outputs  • Maximum source current: 50 mA each (Note 1)  • Applied voltage: 30 V DC or less (between output and + V)  • Residual voltage: 1.5 V or less [at 50 mA (Note 1)]</pnp>					
	Output operatio	n			Selectable	either Light-ON	or Dark-ON, with	n jog switch			
	Short-circuit pro	tection				Incorp	orated				
Response time			250 μs or less	[STD / S-D (Re	ype only)], 150 μs d LED type only le with jog switch	)],	$35~\mu s$ or less (H-SP), $150~\mu s$ or less (FAST), $250~\mu s$ or less (STD / S-D), 2 ms or less (LONG), selectable with jog switch	65 $\mu$ s or less (H-SP), 150 $\mu$ s or less (FAST), 250 $\mu$ s or less (STD), 700 $\mu$ s or less (STDF), 2.5 ms or less (LONG), 4.5 ms or less (U-LG), selectable with jog switch			
Sensitivity setting		2-level teaching / Limit teaching / Manual adjustment / Full-auto teaching / Max. sensitivity teaching  Normal mode: 2-level teaching / Limit teaching / Full-auto teaching  Max. sensitivity teaching / Manual adjustment  Window comparator mode: Teaching (1-level / 2-level / 3-level) / Manual adjustment									
Оре	eration indicator				Orang	e LED (lights up	when the output	is ON)			
Stal	bility indicator		Green LED (ligh	nts up under stat	ole light received	condition or stable	e dark condition)				
МО	DE indicator			R	UN: Green LED,	TEACH · ADJ ·	L/D ON · TIMER	· PRO: Yellow LED			
Digi	ital display		4 digit red LED display								
Fine	e sensitivity adjustr	ment function	Incorporated								
Tim	er function		switchable Timer peri	either effective iod: Red LED ty	ON-delay / OFF- or ineffective. pe; 0.5 ms appro- frared LED type;	Incorporated with variable ON-delay / OFF-delay / ONE-SHOT / ON-delay • OFF-delay / ON-delay • ONE-SHOT timer, switchable either effective or ineffective. (Timer period: Output 1; 0.5 ms, 1 ms to 9999 ms, Output 2; 0.5 ms, 1 ms to 500 ms)					
	nt emitting amour	nt selection			vpe only)(Note 2) el, H-SP: 3 level,	Incorporated (Note 2) FAST, STD, STDF, LONG, U-LG: 4 level H-SP: 3 level					
	omatic interferent vention function	ce			of fiber heads car mode is 2 fiber			Incorporated [Up to four sets of fiber heads can be mounted close together. (However, U-LG mode is 8 fiber heads, H-SP mode is 2 fiber heads.)] (Note 4)			
Joe	Ambient temper	rature						50 °C $+$ 14 to $+$ 122 °F, if 8 to 16 units are connected Storage: $-$ 20 to $+$ 70 °C $-$ 4 to $+$ 158 °F			
sistaı	Ambient humidi	ty			35	to 85 % RH, Sto	rage: 35 to 85 %	RH			
al res	Ambient illumina	ance	Sı	unlight: 10,000 4	ℓx at the light-red	ceiving face, Inc	andescent light:	3,000 $\ell$ x at the light-receiving face			
nenta	Voltage withstar	ndability		1,000 V AC for	one min. betwee	n all supply term	ninals connected	together and enclosure (Note 5)			
Ambient humidity  Ambient illuminance  Voltage withstandability  Insulation resistance  Vibration resistance		ance	20 MΩ,	or more, with 25	50 V DC megger	between all sup	ply terminals cor	nnected together and enclosure (Note 5)			
							Z directions for two hours each				
Shock resistance			98 m/s	s <sup>2</sup> acceleration (1	10 G approx.) in	X, Y and Z direct	tions for five times each				
Emitting element (modulated)		odulated)	Red LED	Blue LED	Green LED	Infrared LED	Red LED	Red LED			
Mat	erial		Enclosure: Heat-resistant ABS, Case cover: Polycarbonate, MODE key: Acrylic, Jog switch: Heat-resistant ABS (FX-301B/G/H: Acrylic)								
Cor	nnecting method		Connector (Note 6)								
	ole extension		Extension up to total 100 m $328.084  \text{ft}$ (50 m $164.042  \text{ft}$ for 5 to 8 units, 20 m $65.617  \text{ft}$ for 9 to 16 units) is possible with $0.3  \text{mm}^2$ , or more, cable.								
Wei	ight		Net weight: 20 g approx., Gross weight: 25 g approx.								

- Notes: 1) 50 mA per output. 25 mA if five, or more, amplifiers are connected in cascade.
  - 2) The light emitting amount can be zero (emission halt) in all modes.

  - 3) When the power supply is switched on, the light emission timing is automatically set for interference prevention.
    4) When the interference prevention function '\$\partial{P}^2\$' is set, the number of mountable fiber heads becomes double. Furthermore, take care that the response time also becomes double.
    5) The voltage withstandability and the insulation resistance values given in the above table are for the amplifier only.
    6) The cable for amplifier connection is not supplied as an accessory. Make sure to use the optional quick-connection cables given below.

  - Main cable (3-core) for FX-301(P)(-HS): CN-73-C1 (Cable length 1 m 3.281 ft), CN-73-C2 (Cable length 2 m 6.562 ft), CN-73-C5 (Cable length 5 m 16.404 ft) Sub cable (1-core) for FX-301(P)(-HS): CN-71-C1 (Cable length 1 m 3.281 ft), CN-71-C2 (Cable length 2 m 6.562 ft), CN-71-C5 (Cable length 5 m 16.404 ft) Sub cable (2-core) for FX-305(P): CN-74-C1 (Cable length 1 m 3.281 ft), CN-72-C2 (Cable length 2 m 6.562 ft), CN-74-C5 (Cable length 5 m 16.404 ft) Sub cable (2-core) for FX-305(P): CN-72-C1 (Cable length 1 m 3.281 ft), CN-72-C2 (Cable length 2 m 6.562 ft), CN-72-C5 (Cable length 5 m 16.404 ft)

#### I/O CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

# FX-301(-HS) NPN output type Color code (Brown) + V (Note 1) (Black) Output Tr 12 to 24 V DC ± 10 %

Notes: 1) The quick-connection sub cable does not have  $\pm$  V (brown) and 0 V (blue). The power is supplied from the connector of the main cable.

2) 50 mA max., if five amplifiers, or more, are connected together.

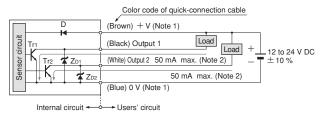
Symbols ... D : Reverse supply polarity protection diode Zo: Surge absorption zener diode Tr: NPN output transistor

# PNP output type Color code (Brown) + V (Note 1) Tr (Black) Output (Black) Output (Black) Over the second of the second of

Notes: 1) The quick-connection sub cable does not have  $\pm$  V (brown) and 0 V (blue). The power is supplied from the connector of the main cable. 2) 50 mA max., if five amplifiers, or more, are connected together.

Symbols ... D : Reverse supply polarity protection diode Z<sub>D</sub>: Surge absorption zener diode Tr: PNP output transistor

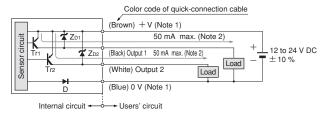
#### FX-305 NPN output type



Notes: 1) The quick-connection sub cable does not have  $\pm$  V (brown) and 0 V (blue). The power is supplied from the connector of the main cable. 2) 25 mA max., if five amplifiers, or more, are connected together.

Symbols ... D: Reverse supply polarity protection diode ZD1, ZD2: Surge absorption zener diode Tr1, Tr2 : NPN output transistor

#### **FX-305P** PNP output type



Notes: 1) The quick-connection sub cable does not have  $\pm$  V (brown) and 0 V (blue). The power is supplied from the connector of the main cable.

2) 25 mA max., if five amplifiers, or more, are connected together.

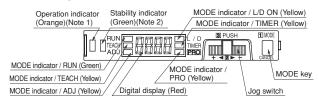
Symbols ... D: Reverse supply polarity protection diode ZD1, ZD2: Surge absorption zener diode Tr1, Tr2 : PNP output transistor

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE



This product is not a safety sensor. Its use is not intended or designed to protect life and prevent body injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery. It is a normal object detection sensor.

#### Part description



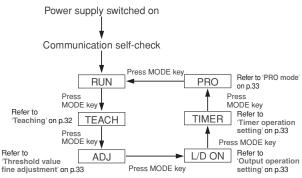
Notes: 1) **FX-305(P)**; Output 1 operation indicator (Orange) 2) **FX-305(P)**; Output 2 operation indicator (Orange)

#### Operation procedure

 When the power supply is switched on, communication self-check is carried out and normal condition is displayed [MODE indicator / RUN (green) lights up and the digital display shows incident light intensity].

Refer to the 'Sensor general catalog 2003-2004' for fiber precautions.

 When MODE key is pressed, the mode changes as per the diagram below.



When jog switch is pressed, the setting is confirmed.

When MODE key is pressed for 2 sec., or more, the sensor returns to the RUN mode. Cancellation is possible by pressing MODE key during setting.

#### For FX-305(P)

The **FX-305** is equipped with two independent outputs, but the items that can be set in output 1 and output 2 respectively are only the following. The items other than those are common.

- 1 Threshold value 2 Output operation
- 3 Timer operation and Timer period 4 Sensing mode

Display

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Refer to the 'Sensor general catalog 2003-2004' for fiber precautions.

#### **Teaching**

• The threshold values can be set by normal mode (2-level teaching, limit teaching or full-auto teaching) or window comparator mode (1-level / 2-level / 3-level teaching) [FX-305(P) only], when the MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow) lights up.

#### In case of 2-level teaching

• This is the method of setting the threshold value by teaching two levels, corresponding to the object present and object absent conditions. Normally, setting is done by this method.

Step	Description	Display
1	Set the fiber within the sensing range.  Press the MODE key to light up MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow).	
2	For the FX-305(P), select ' but t' or ' but t' beforehand.  Press jog switch in the object present condition.  If the teaching is accepted, the read incident light intensity blinks in the digital display.  Thru-beam type  Reflective type  Mark  Beam Interrupted condition	
3	MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow) blinks.  Press the jog switch in the object absent condition.  Thru-beam type  Reflective type  Mark  Beam received condition  Background	
4	If the teaching is accepted, the read incident light intensity blinks in the digital display and the threshold value is set at the mid-value between the incident light intensities in the object present and the object absent conditions. After this, the judgment on the stability of sensing is displayed. • In case stable sensing is possible: ' $g_{\partial\partial\partial}$ ' is displayed. • In case stable sensing is not possible: ' $g_{\partial\partial}$ ' blinks.	Sood Ward
(5)	The threshold value is displayed.	תוחות טעונ
6	' · · · · ' blinks in the digital display. (FX-301B/G/H only)	
7	The incident light intensity in the digital display and the setting is complete.	

Notes: 1) Do not move or bend the fiber cable after the sensitivity setting. Detection may become unstable. 2) In case of using the reflective type fibers, if Jog switch is pressed in the object absent condition at ② and ③, the sensitivity is set to the maximum.

#### In case of full-auto teaching

· Full-auto teaching is used when it is desired to set the threshold value without stopping the assembly line, with the object in the moving condition.

	, ,	0
Step	Description	Display
1	Set the fiber within the sensing range.  Press MODE key to light up MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow).	
2	For the <b>FX-305(P)</b> , select 'but?' or 'but?' beforehand. Press the jog switch continuously for 0.5 sec. or more with the object moving on the assembly line. (The incident light intensity is displayed during sampling.)	
3	' $\beta_0 t_0$ ' is displayed on the digital display. Release the jog switch when the object has passed.	
4	If the teaching is accepted, the read incident light intensity blinks in the digital display and the threshold value is set at the mid-value between the incident light intensities in the object present and the object absent conditions. After	3000
	this, the judgment on the stability of sensing is displayed. • In case stable sensing is possible: ' $g_{000}$ ' is displayed. • In case stable sensing is not possible: '##r $g$ ' blinks.	
(5)	The threshold value is displayed.	
6	' · · · · ' blinks in the digital display. (FX-301B/G/H only)	• • •
7	The incident light intensity in the digital display and the setting is complete.	

Notes: 1) The threshold value's shift amount can be selected in PRO mode. (Increments of 5 % between  $\,-$  45 and 45 % for setting possible. 0 % default.)

2) Do not move or bend the fiber cable after the sensitivity setting. Detection may become unstable.

#### In case of limit teaching

Step

• This is the method of setting the threshold value by teaching only the object absent condition (stable incident light condition). This is used for detection in the presence of a background body or for detection of minute objects.

Description

Set the fiber within the sensing

1	range. Press the MODE key to light up MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow).	
	For the <b>FX-305(P)</b> , select 'butt' or 'butt' beforehand. Press the jog switch in the object absent condition. If the teaching is accepted, the read incident light intensity blinks in the digital display.	4 7 7 1
2	type Reflective type	
	Background body ///// Beam received condition	
3	MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow) blinks. Turn jog switch to the '+' side or '-' side.	
4	If the jog switch is turned to the '+' side, ', 'scrolls (twice)(Note 2) the display from right to left, and the threshold level is shifted to a value approx. 15 % higher (lower sensitivity) + than that set at @. (Note 1)  This is used in case of reflective type fibers.  If the jog switch is turned to the '-' side, ', 'scrolls (twice) (Note 2) the display from left to right, and the threshold level is shifted to a value approx. 15 % lower (higher sensitivity) than that set at @. (Note 1)  This is used in case of thru-beam type fibers.	Ø
(5)	After this, the judgment on whether the setting shift amount can be shifted or not is displayed.  In case shifting is possible: '\$\textit{good}'\$ blinks.  In case shifting is not possible: '\$\textit{good}'\$ blinks.	9000
	3	
6	The threshold value is displayed.	ÜÜÜ
7	' · · · · ' blinks in the digital display. (FX-301B/G/H only)	• • • •
8	The incident light intensity appears in the digital display and the setting is complete.	1331
Notes	s: 1) The <b>FX-301B/G/H</b> has no scroll display.	

Notes: 1) The **FX-301B/G/H** has no scroll display.
2) The approx. 15 % amount of shift is the initial value. The amount of shift can be changed in the PRO mode from approx. 5 to 80 % (5 % step).

3) Do not move or bend the fiber cable after the sensitivity setting. Detection may become unstable.

Please refer to the 'Sensor general catalog 2003-2004' or website (http://www.sunx.jp) for setting of threshold value when used in combination with contact type liquid level detection fiber FD-F8Y, and for setting of threshold value when used in combination with pipe-mountable liquid level detection fiber  $\mbox{FD-F4}\square.$ 

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

#### Threshold value fine adjustment

Step	Description	Display
1	Press the MODE key to light up MODE indicator / ADJ (yellow).	
2	For the <b>FX-305(P)</b> , select ' <code>\$\varphi_k t'\$</code> or ' <code>\$\varphi_k \xi\$</code> ' beforehand. In case the threshold value is to be increased (sensitivity to be reduced), turn the jog switch to the '+' side to increase the threshold value slowly. If the jog switch is turned continuously to the '+' side, the threshold value increases rapidly. In case the threshold value is to be decreased (sensitivity to be increased), turn the jog switch to the '-' side to decrease the threshold value slowly. If the jog switch is turned continuously to the '-' side, the threshold value decreases rapidly.	or [1,2,3,4]
3	When the jog switch is pressed, the threshold value is confirmed.	

#### **Output operation setting**

Step	Description	Display
1	Press the MODE key to light up MODE indicator / L/D ON (yellow).	Displays present setting
2	For the <b>FX-305(P)</b> , select ' @ut t' or ' @ut t' beforehand. If the jog switch is turn to the '+' or '-' direction, the output operation setting will change.	Light state Dark state
3	When the jog switch is pressed, the threshold value is confirmed.	Displays selected setting

#### Timer operation setting

- When the MODE indicator / TIMER (yellow) lights up, you can set the type of timer and whether the timer is to be used or not. For the FX-301B/G/H, the type of timer is set in PRO mode.
- Further, an OFF-delay which is useful when the response of the connected device is slow, etc., an ON-delay which is useful to detect only objects taking a long time to travel, and ONE-SHOT, which is useful when the input specifications of the connected device require a signal of a fixed width, are possible with the FX-301 (-HS). [Furthermore, ON-delay OFF-delay and ON-delay ONE-SHOT timer are incorporated for FX-305(P).]

#### Cascading amplifiers

- The FX-301(P), FX-301B/G/H(P) and FX-305(P) cannot use communication for any settings other than the automatic interference prevention function. When using these amplifiers as well, use only the same type of amplifiers all together. However, the FX-301-HS(P) is not equipped with an optical communication function for setting the automatic interference prevention function, so be aware of this when using these amplifiers with other amplifiers.
- If the FX-301(P) updated version unit or the FX-305(P) is mounted with the FX-301(P) previous version unit or the FX-301B/G/H(P) in cascade, place the FX-301(P) updated version units and the FX-305 units to the right side (seen from the connector side) of the previous version units. For a difference between the updated version unit and the previous version unit, refer to 'A difference between the updated version unit and the previous version unit' (P.34).

#### **PRO** mode

• PRO settings can be done when MODE indicator / PRO (yellow) lights up.

#### PRO mode table

	Display	Description
PRO1		1 Response time change function ' \$P\$\$\delta\$ ' 2 Timer setting function ' \delta \delta \delta ' \del
PRO2		Digital display setting function ' d159'     Digital display inversion function ' turn'     ECO mode setting function ' turn'
PRO3		1 Data bank load setting function ' chtfl' 2 Data bank save setting function ' chtfl'
PRO4		1 Setting condition copy function ' ξωθ'9'. 2 Remote data bank load setting function ' εδξθ'. 3 Remote data bank save setting function ' εδξθ'. 4 Communication condition confirmation function ' ξεξξε' (Note 2). 5 Communication lock function ' ξεξε'. 6 Back-up function ' δενθ' (Note 3).
PRO5		Code setting function ' lod!'     Adjust lock setting function ' lod!'     Setting reset function ' r set!'     Interference prevention function ' lode!' (Note 4)
PRO6 (Note 4)		① Output setting function ' քաե !', ' քաե ἐ'

Notes: 1) FX-301(P) updated version unit, FX-301(P)-HS, FX-305(P) only

- 2) FX-301B(P)/G(P)/H(P) only
- 3) FX-301(P) updated version unit, FX-305(P) only
- 4) **FX-305(P)** only

#### **Key-lock function**

• If the jog switch and the MODE key are pressed for more than 3 sec. at the same time in RUN mode condition, the key operations are locked, and only the threshold value confirmation function or the adjust function (valid only when the adjust lock function is canceled) is valid.

#### Wiring

- When the emission halt of the emitting power switching function is set from 'OFF' to 'ON', the
  output may be unstable. Do not use the output control for 0.5 sec. after starting emission.
- Make sure that the power supply is off while wiring.
- Verify that the supply voltage variation is within the rating.
- Take care that if a voltage exceeding the rated range is applied, or if an AC power supply is directly connected, the sensor may get burnt or damaged.
- If power is supplied from a commercial switching regulator, ensure that the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the power supply is connected to an actual ground.
- In case noise generating equipment (switching regulator, inverter motor, etc.) is used in the vicinity
  of this product, connect the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the equipment to an actual ground.
- Take care that short-circuit or wrong wiring of the load may burn or damage the sensor.
- Do not run the wires together with high-voltage lines or power lines or put them in the same raceway. This can cause malfunction due to induction.
- Ensure that an isolation transformer is utilized for the DC power supply. If an auto transformer is utilized, the main amplifier or power supply may be damaged.
- Make sure to use the optional quick-connection cable for the connection of the amplifier [FX-301(P)(-HS) / FX-305(P)]. Extension up to total 100 m 328.084 ft (50 m 164.042 ft for 5 to 8 units, 20 m 65.617 ft for 9 to 16 units,) is possible with 0.3 mm<sup>2</sup>, or more, cable. However, in order to reduce noise, make the wiring as short as possible.

#### Others

- Do not use during the initial transient time (0.5 sec. approx.) after the power supply is switched on.
- Take care that the sensor is not directly exposed to fluorescent light from a rapid-starter lamp or a high frequency lighting device, as it may affect the sensing performance.
- This sensor is suitable for indoor use only.
- · Avoid dust, dirt, and steam.
- Take care that the product does not come in direct contact with water, oil, grease, or organic solvents, such as, thinner, etc.
- This sensor cannot be used in an environment containing inflammable or explosive gasses.
- · Never disassemble or modify the sensor.



## PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Refer to the 'Sensor general catalog 2003-2004' for fiber precautions.

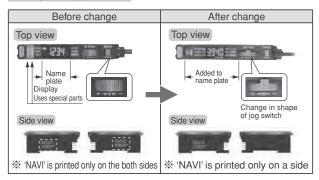
#### Function table for FX-300 series

		Previous models			New models	
	FX-301(P) (Previous version unit)	FX-302(P)	FX-303(P)	FX-301(P) (Updated version unit)	FX-301(P)-HS	FX-305(P)
Four-chemical emitting element + APC circuit	×	×	×	0	0	0
Four-chemical emitting element only	○ (Note 1)	0	0	_	_	_
Light emitting amount selection function	×	×	×	0	0	0
Reduced intensity mode (S-D)	○ (Note 1)	0	×	0	0	_
9,999 digit display	×	×	×	×	×	0
Response time (Max. speed)	150 μs	300 μs	90 μs	65 μs	35 μs	65 μs
Interference prevention function (Effective no. of units)	Incorporated (4)	Incorporated (8)	Not incorporated (0)	Incorporated (4)	Not incorporated (0)	Incorporated (16)
Independent 2 outputs	×	×	×	×	×	0
Alarm output function	×	×	×	×	×	0
Error output function	×	×	×	×	×	0
Differential sensing	×	×	×	×	×	0
Window comparator mode	×	0	×	×	×	0
Peripheral units that can be combined	I					
FX-CH(-P)	0	0	×	×	×	×
FX-CH2(-P)	X	×	×	0	×	0
SC-GU1-485	X	×	×	0	X	0

Note: Except FX-301B/G/H.

A difference between the updated version unit and the previous version unit for FX-301 (Red LED type)

#### Changes in appearance

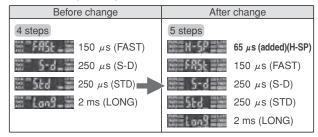


Checking minor changes between previous and new models can be done by checking whether the printing is on both sides or only one side.

## **Upgraded functions**

#### 1. Response times added

An ultra high-speed mode (H-SP) has been added to the existing 4 response time modes [high-speed (FAST), reduced intensity (S-D), standard (STD) and long range (LONG)]. This is changed using ' $\frac{\partial}{\partial r} e^{-t}$ ' in ' $\frac{5}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} e^{-t}$ '.



#### 2. Extension of timer period

The setting range for the timer period was previously 500 ms, but this has been extended to a new range of 9999 ms.

## 3. Light emitting amount selection function

The light emitting amount can be changed to one of 4 levels (5 levels when emission halt is included).

## 4. Backup, copy lock and key lock functions added

Backup: This selects whether or not threshold values set by teaching are written to (stored in) an EEPROM.

Copy lock: This selects whether copy function and data bank function communication are possible or not.

Key lock: This disables input using switches to prevent accidental changing of settings.

## Changes in operation

#### 1. Timer selection method

Previous version unit: Timer type was changed using PRO1 mode. The 'TIMER' setting in NAVI mode could only be turned on or off.

After change: The type of timer can be changed using the 'TIMER' function in NAVI mode.

2. Checking threshold value in RUN mode

The threshold values can be checked by turning the jog switch.

## Display changes

#### 1. Checking blinking of sensitivity surplus

The stable surplus display method after teaching has been changed.

Previous version unit: Sensitivity surplus is indicated by the number of blinks of the stability indicator.

After change

Digital display only

#### 2. Initial direct code value changed

The factory default settings for the direct codes have been changed.

Previous version unit 0000 After change 0004

X The default setting for the timer period is 10 ms, and the direct code for 10 ms is '4', so this has been changed.

#### Internal circuit changes

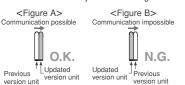
#### 1. Addition of an APC circuit

A four-chemical emitting element which provides stable sensing over long periods has been added, as well as an APC (Auto Power Control) circuit that improves stability during short periods.

## Points to note when combining sensor types

When using the newer sensors together with previous version units (including the **FX-301B/G/H**), note the following.

- Communication is possible when the previous version units and the updated version units are used in an arrangement such as that shown in Figure A below.
- If the previous version units and the updated version units are used in an arrangement such as that shown in Figure B below, the interference prevention function and the PRO4 function cannot be used.
- In order to use the interference prevention function and the PRO4 function when using previous version units and the updated version units together, it is recommended that you use an arrangement such as that shown in Figure C below.



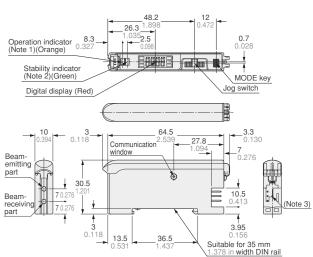




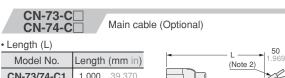
## **DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)**

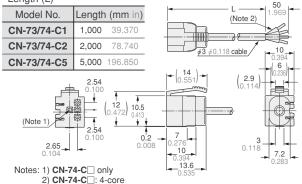
Refer to the 'Sensor general catalog 2003-2004' for fiber dimensions. The CAD data in the dimensions can be downloaded from the website: http://www.sunx.jp/

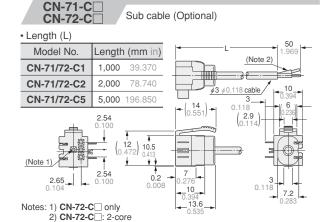
FX-301☐ FX-305☐ Amplifier



Notes: 1) FX-305□; Output 1 operation indicator (Orange) 2) FX-305□; Output 2 operation indicator (Orange) 3) FX-301□; 3-pin, FX-305□; 4-pin







## Introducing digital laser sensor LS series

Making high precision laser sensing more intuitive and easier to use

- Minute objects can be sensed even at removed distances.
- 3 types of laser sensor head available.
- Side-by-side placement together with fiber sensors is also possible.



<IC pin check>

<Sensing remaining sheet roll amounts>

For further details, please refer to the SUNX home page (http://www.sunx.co. jp/) or contact our office.

# **External Input Unit for Digital Sensor / FX-CH2**



## Support for stable sensing and smooth setup changes!

Teaching and data bank switching for up to a maximum of 16 digital fiber sensors (FX-301 and FX-305) can be carried out all at once using an external device such as a PLC, touch screen or switch.



## Applications involving smooth setup operations

Setup changes (external automatic teaching / data bank switching) Digital fiber settings can be changed using input from a touch screen or switch, so that production line setup changes can be carried out more easily.

#### External teaching

Full-auto teaching is recommended for teaching when the sensing object is changed without stopping the line.

## Data bank switching

Settings such as output operations (L-ON / D-ON) and timer operations can be recorded in the digital fiber sensor's data bank and switching can be carried out externally. \* Up to 3 files can be stored.



## **FX-CH2 function list**

#### Teaching input

The following types of external teaching can be carried out.

- Full-auto teaching Limit teaching
- Limit teaching '+'
   2-level teaching

## Key lock setting input

The key lock function that prevents incorrect operations by operators can be set on and off.

#### Data bank switching input

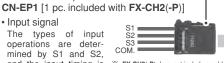
Switching between 3 channels of data banks and loading and saving of all channels at once can be carried out.

## Product lineup

Connector for input device

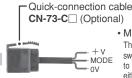
Input signal

The types of input operations are determined by S1 and S2, and the input timing is determined by S3.



※ FX-CH2(-P) does not include a cable for connecting to the input device





Mode selection

The MODE wire can be switched between high and low to select the input mode from either 'external teaching and key lock' or 'data bank switching'

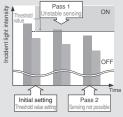
## Explanation of limit teaching

#### ■ Limit teaching ' — ¹

Limit teaching '-' shifts the threshold value setting to make it less than the incident light intensity during teaching.

## When limit teaching is not used

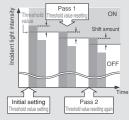
If the incident light intensity changes with respect to the initial threshold setting value because of reasons such as beam axis slippage, sensing can become unstable and incorrect operations can occur.



Incident light intensity when sensing object is not present

#### (When limit teaching ' - ' is used)

The threshold value is reset each time before the sensing object arrives, (limit teaching 'result, sensing is not affected by changes in incident light intensity.



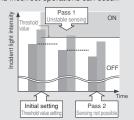
Incident light intensity when sensing

## Limit teaching '+'

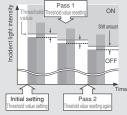
Limit teaching '+' is the opposite of limit teaching '-', so that the threshold value setting is shifted toward a higher setting to make it more than the incident light intensity during teaching.

## When limit teaching is not used If dust or other particles cause changes in the incident light intensity with

respect to the initial threshold setting value, sensing can become unstable and incorrect operations can occur.



The threshold value is reset each time before the sensing object arrives, (limit teaching '+'). As a result, sensing is not affected by changes in incident light intensity.



 $\ensuremath{\%}$  When limit teaching is used, use the SHIFT function in PRO mode of the amplifier to set the shift amount beforehand.

#### **ORDER GUIDE**

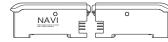
Design	Model No.	
Entropy County and	NPN input type	FX-CH2
External input unit	PNP input type	FX-CH2-P
Connector for input device	CN-EP1	
(1 pc. included as standard	5 pcs. per set	
0.11	Length: 1 m 3.281 ft	CN-73-C1
Quick-connection cable (Main cable)	Length: 2 m 6.562 ft	CN-73-C2
(Iviairi Cable)	Length: 5 m 16.404 ft	CN-73-C5
Footstate	MS-DIN-E	
End plate	2 pcs. per set	

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

Tuna	NIDNI innest to the o	DND innut tune			
Туре	NPN input type	PNP input type			
Item Model No.	FX-CH2	FX-CH2-P			
Applicable sensor	FX-301(P)(Note	e 1), <b>FX-305(P</b> )			
Supply voltage	12 to 24 V DC $\pm$ 10 % I	Ripple P-P 10 % or less			
Power consumption	600 mW or less (when	all indicators light up)			
Input	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Input impedance 10 kΩ approx.			
Power indicator	Green LED (Lights up when the power is ON)				
Transmission operation indicator	Green LED (Lights up when loaded, and 2-level / Limit teaching, blinks→lights up when saved, and Full-auto teaching)				
Ambient temperature	-10 to $+55$ °C $+14$ to $+131$ °F (if 4 to 7 sensors a connected in cascade: $-10$ to $+50$ °C $+14$ to $+122$ °F, 8 to 16 sensors are connected in cascade: $-10$ to $+45$ ° $+14$ to $+113$ °F)(No dew condensation or icing allowed Storage: $-20$ to $+70$ °C $-4$ to $+158$ °F				
Material	Enclosure: Heat-resistant ABS				
Cable extension	Extension up to total 10 m 32.808 ft is possible with 0.3 mm <sup>2</sup> , or more, cable.				
Weight	Net weight: 20 g approx., Gross weight: 40 g approx.				
Accessory	CN-EP1 (Connector for input device)(Note 2): 1 pc.				

Notes: 1) Only updated version of FX-301(P) can be used. Do not use the previous version of **FX-301(P**). The updated version of **FX-301(P**) have 'NAVI' printed on one side.

(See the right figure.)



2) The applicable wire is 0.08 mm2 (AWG 28) to 0.5 mm2 (AWG 20) and the wire sheath diameter should be  $\phi 1.5 \text{ mm } \phi 0.059 \text{ in or less.}$ 

## I/O CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

## FX-CH2-P FX-CH2 Color code of quick-connection cable Color code of quick-connection cable Connector pin No. for power supply side Connector pin No. for power supply side Power supply side Power supply side MODE COM.(0 V): Connector pin No. for input device side Connector pin No. for input device side Internal circuit <del>← • Users' circuit</del> Internal circuit → Users' circuit Symbols...D<sub>1</sub> to D<sub>4</sub>: Reverse supply polarity protection diode T<sub>r1</sub> to T<sub>r4</sub>: PNP input transistor Symbols...D<sub>1</sub> to D<sub>4</sub>: Reverse supply polarity protection diode Tr1 to Tr4: NPN input transistor

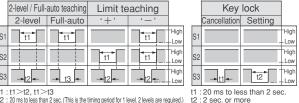
## **OPERATION TIMING CHART**

## When MODE is set to High (Low for FX-CH2-P) or open

	Da	ta bank lo	ad		Da	ta bank sa	ave	
	1ch	2ch	3ch	1	1ch	2ch	3ch	
S1	<b>t1</b>		₹1	High Low	<b>₹1</b>		₹t1	High Low
S2		₹1	t1	High Low		*t1	*t1	High Low
S3	→t2-	→t2-	→t2-	High Low	t3	t3	t3	High Low

t1:t1>t2,t1>t3 t2:20 ms to less than 2 sec. t3:2 sec. or more

#### When MODE is set to Low (High for FX-CH2-P)

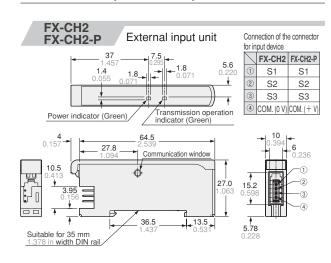


- t1:t1>t2, t1>t3 t2:20 ms to less than 2 sec. (This is the timing period for 1 level. 2 levels are required.)
- t3:0.5 sec. or more (Sampling starts after 0.5 sec.)
- Notes: 1) The above diagrams show the **FX-CH2** (NPN input type).

  For the **FX-CH2-P** (PNP input type), High and Low are reversed.

  2) After each operation has been confirmed, the fiber sensor cannot
  - be reset for a period of approximately 50 ms.

## **DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)**

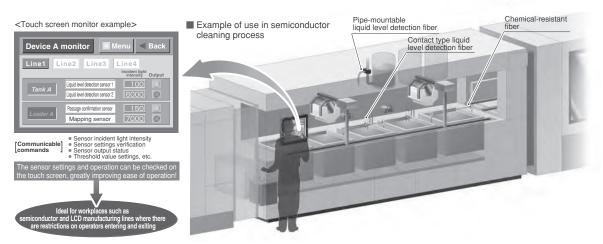


# **Upper Communication Unit for Digital Sensors** / SC-GU1-485



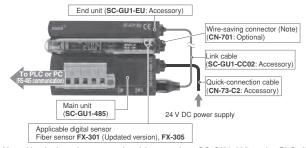
We now offer remote maintenance for sensors! Also reduces the work required to the system to start running!

Centralized control and setting of scattered digital sensors (FX-301/305) is possible using a PLC or personal computer



## Control and settings can be carried out remotely

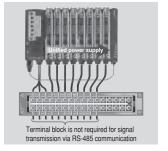
Setting and checking incident light intensity for digital sensors (**FX-301/305**) that are scattered inside and outside equipment can be carried out remotely for all sensors by using the **SC-GU1-485**, which greatly improves ease of operations such as monitoring equipment that is running and also equipment starting and maintenance.



Note: Used when the output signal is sent via a SC-GU1-485 to the PLC. If the output signal is sent directly to the PLC, a quick-connection cable (CN-72-C□, CN-71-C□) should be used.

## Less wiring and installation work

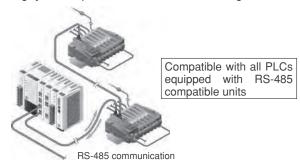
Up to a maximum of 16 sensors can be connected side by side. Power can be supplied to all of them at once, so that less wiring and installation work is required. Wire-saving connectors also makes it possible to send output signals to the PLC in a single batch.



## Communication speed 57.6 kbps

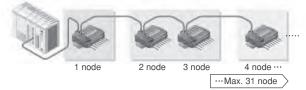
High-speed communication at a maximum speed of 57.6 kbps allows the operator to instantly check information such as the incident light intensity and output statuses of the digital sensors.

High general applicability so that any type of PLC can be used RS-485 communication provides a high level of general compatibility so that any type of PLC can be used. Integration with existing systems is possible without the need to change PLCs.



## Series connection of a maximum of 31 nodes is possible

A maximum of 31 nodes can be connected in series. This is ideal for flexible handling when the sensors are to be installed in scattered locations or if more sensors are added.

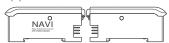


#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

*		
Туре	Main unit	
Item Model No.	SC-GU1-485	
Applicable sensor	FX-301(P)(Note), FX-305(P)	
Connectable units	Max. 16 units of sensor per SC-GU1-485	
Connectable nodes	Max. 31 nodes	
Supply voltage	24 V DC $\pm$ 10 % Ripple P-P10 % or less	
Current consumption	45 mA or less (10 mA or less for SC-GU1-EU)	
Communication method	2 wire half duplex method	
Communication speed	57,600 bps / 38,400 bps / 19,200 bps / 9,600 bps Selectable by DIP switch	
Synchronization method	Asynchronous communication method	
Electrical characteristic	Conforming to EIA RS-485	
Total extension length	Communication cable: 100 m 328.084 ft or less [SC-GU1-485 (termination) to PLC], Power supply cable: Less than 10 m 32.808 ft	
Ambient temperature	$-10$ to $+55^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ $+14$ to $+131^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$ (If 4 to 7 sensors are connected in cascade: $-10$ to $+50^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ $+14$ to $+122^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$ , if 8 to 16 sensors are connected in cascade: $-10$ to $+45^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ $+14$ to $+113^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$ )(No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage: $-20$ to $+70^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ $-4$ to $+158^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$	
Material	Enclosure: Heat-resistant ABS	
Weight	35 g approx. (10 g approx. for SC-GU1-EU)	
Accessories	SC-GU1-EU (End unit): 1 pc. CN-73-C2 [Quick-connection cable (cable length 2 m 6.562 ft)]: 1 pc. SC-GU1-CC02 [Link cable (cable length 0.2 m 0.656 ft)]: 1 pc.	

Note: Applicable units are for the FX-301(P) after version update. Do not use the previous version of FX-301(P).

The updated version of FX-301(P) has the 'NAVI' printed only on single side. (See the right figure.)



## **DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)**

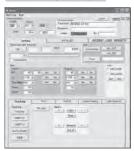
#### SC-GU1-485 Main unit 24.9 20.9 10.4 0.409 ndicator (Greer 3.4 Power indicato 0. 3.85 25 Lower communication error indicator (Red) Upper communication error indicator (Red) Communication Connector for upper 00000 communication 3.5 21.3 ŧ 14.5 36.5 4.45 64.5 Suitable for 35 mm 1.378 in width DIN rail

All information is subject to change without prior notice.

#### OPERATION VERIFICATION PROGRAM DOWNLOAD SERVICE

The SUNX website download data service lets you download operation verification programs to a personal computer. (http://www.sunx.co.jp/)

#### Monitoring example



#### Operating environment

OS: Windows 98 Second Edition

(standard English language installation only) or later CPU: Pentium II 400 MHz processor or higher (Pentium II 450 MHz or higher recommended)

Memory: 64 MB or more

(128 MB or more recommended)
Free hard disk space: 10 MB or more
Serial port: RS-232C compatible

#### Details that can be checked:

Sensor threshold values, output statuses, configuration settings, teaching and timer period setting changes, etc.

Notes: 1) Note the following when using this software.

The software is supplied as freeware. Copyright is retained by SUNX Limited. You must agree to the following conditions before using the software.

#### Conditions of use

- SUNX does not guarantee the correct operation of this software. SUNX takes no responsibility for any direct or indirect losses, damage, loss of profit or any other problems arising as a result of using or operating this software.
- 2) When connecting the SC-GU1-485 to a personal computer, you will need obtain a interface converter (RS-232C RS-485 converter) and cable to connect between the computer and the interface converter.

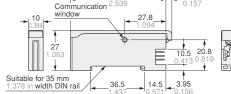
#### **OPTION**

#### CN-701 (Wire-saving connector)

Note: Used when the output signal is sent via a **SC-GU1-485** to the PLC.

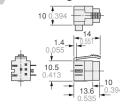


# SC-GU1-EU End unit (Accessory) Communication 2.539 2.7.8 1.094 -4.157



## CN-701

## Wire-saving connector (Optional)





http://www.sunx.jp/

#### **SUNX Limited**

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APPENDIX

Digital fiber sensor FX-301(P) has been modified since production in June. 2004. Hence, this instruction manual has been changed to reflect the modifications



## INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Photoelectric Sensor Digital Fiber Sensor

## FX-301 Series

Thank you very much for using SUNX products. Please read this Instruction Manual carefully and thoroughly for the correct and optimum use of this product. Kindly keep this manual in a convenient place for quick reference



Never use this product as a sensing device for personnel protection. In case of using sensing devices for personnel protection, use products which meet standards, such as OSHA, ANSI or IEC etc., for personnel protection applicable in each region or country.

For further details on the fiber sensor amplifier, please refer to the SUNX home page (http://www.sunx.co.jp/) or contact our office.

## **11** SPECIFICATIONS

	Туре	Connector type	Cable type			
Model	NPN output	FX-301	FX-301-C1			
Item No.	PNP output	FX-301P	FX-301P-C1			
Supply voltage		12 to 24V DC±10% F	Ripple P-P 10% or less			
Power consumption		ECO mode: 600mW or less	40mA or less at 24V supply voltage) 25mA or less at 24V supply voltage)			
Output		<npn output="" type=""> NPN open-collector transistor NPN open-collector transistor • Maximum sink current: 100mA (Note 1) • Maximum sink current: 100mA (Note 1) • Maximum source current: 100mA (Note 1) • Applied voltage: 30V DC or less • Applied voltage: 30V DC or less • (between output and V) • Residual voltage: 1.5V or less [at 100mA (Note 1) sink current] I at 100mA (Note 1) sink current] I at 100mA (Note 1) sink current] I at 100mA (Note 1) sink current]</npn>				
Output ope		Light-ON or Dark-ON, se	electable with jog switch			
Short-circuit	protection	Incorporated				
Response time		H-SP: $66\mu$ s or less, FAST: $150\mu$ s or less, S-D: $250\mu$ s or less STD: $250\mu$ s or less, LONG: $2$ ms or less selectable with jog switch				
Display		4 digit red LED display				
Sensitivity setti	ng	2-level teaching / Limit teaching / Full-auto teaching / Max. sensitivity teaching / Manual adjustment				
Fine sensitivity adjustment fund		Incorporated				
Timer function		Incorporated with variable ON-delay/OFF-delay/ONE-SHOT timer, switchable either effective or ineffective (Timer: approx. 0.5 to 9999ms)				
Interference pre function	evention	Incorporated [up to four fibers can be mounted adjacently (However, H-SP mode is two fibers)]				
Ambient tempe	rature	-10 to +55°C (If 4 to 7 units are connected in cascade: -10 to +50°C, if 8 to 16 units are connected in cascade: -10 to +45°C) (No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage: -20 to +70°C				
Ambient humidity		35 to 85% RH, Stor	rage: 35 to 85% RH			
Emitting element		Red LED (I	modulated)			
Material		Enclosure: Heat-resistant ABS, Transparent cover: Polycarbonate Press switches: Acrylic, Jog switch: Heat-resistant ABS				
Cable		_	0.3mm <sup>2</sup> 3-core cabtyre cable, 1m long			
Weight		20g approx.	60g approx.			

Notes: 1) 50mA, the connector type FX-301(P) five, or more, amplifiers are connected in cascade.

2) When the power supply is switched on, the light emission timing is automatically set for

interference prevention.

3) The cable for amplifier connection is not supplied as an accessory. Make sure to use the optional quick-connection cables given below.

Main cable (3-core): CN-73-C1 (cable length 1m), CN-73-C2 (cable length 2m)

CN-73-C5 (cable length 5m)

Sub cable (1-core): CN-71-C1 (cable length 1m), CN-71-C2 (cable length 2m) CN-71-C5 (cable length 5m)

#### **2** MOUNTING

## How to mount the amplifier

1) Fit the rear part of the mounting section of the amplifier on a 35mm width DIN rail.

2 Press down the rear part of the mounting section of the unit on the 35mm width DIN rail and fit the front part of the mounting section to the DIN rail.

#### How to remove the amplifier

- 1) Push the amplifier forward.
- 2 Lift up the front part of the amplifier to remove it.

Note: Take care that if the front part is lifted without pushing the amplifier forward, the hook on the rear portion of the mounting section is likely to break

#### How to connect the fiber cables

Be sure to fit the attachment to the fibers first before inserting the fibers to the amplifier. For details, refer to the instruction manual enclosed with the fibers.

- 1 Snap the fiber lock lever down
- Insert the fiber cables slowly into the inlets until they stop. (Note 1) 3 Return the fiber lock lever to the original position, till it stops.
- Notes: 1) In case the fiber cables are not inserted to a position where they stop, the sensing range reduces. In case of a flexible fiber, take care that it may bend inside the amplifier, during insertion.
  - 2) With the coaxial reflective type fiber, such as, FD-G4 or FD-FM2, insert the single-core fiber cable into the beam-remitting inlet and the multi-core fiber cable into the beam-receiving inlet. If they are inserted in reverse, the sensing accuracy will deteriorate



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D

35mm width DIN rail

1)

## 3 CONNECTION OF CONNECTOR TYPE FX-301(P)

Make sure that the power supply is off while connecting or disconnecting the quickconnection cable

#### Connection method

- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{1}}$  Holding the connector of the quick-connection cable, align its projection with the groove at the top portion of the amplifier connector.
- Insert the connector till a click is felt.

#### Disconnection method

① Pressing the projection at the top of the quick-connection cable, pull out the connector

Note: Take care that if the connector is pulled out without pressing the projection, the projection may break. Do not use a quick cable whose projection has broken. Further, do not pull by holding the cable, as this can cause a cable-break





## 4 CAUTIONS

- When the emission halt of the emitting power switching function is set from 'OFF' to 'ON', the output may be unstable. Do not use the output control for 0.5 sec. after starting emission.
- Make sure that the power supply is off while wiring.
   Verify that the supply voltage variation is within the rating.
- Take care that if a voltage exceeding the rated range is applied, or if an AC power
- supply is directly connected, the sensor may get burnt or damaged.

  In case noise generating equipment (switching regulator, inverter motor, etc.) is used in the vicinity of this product, connect the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the equipment to an actual ground.
- If power is supplied from a commercial switching regulator, ensure that the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the power supply is connected to an actual ground
- Do not use during the initial transient time (0.5 sec.) after the power supply is switched on.
- Take care that short-circuit of the load or wrong wiring may burn or damage the sensor
- Do not run the wires together with high-voltage lines or power lines or put them in the same raceway. This can cause malfunction due to induction.
- For the cable to connect to the connector type sensor FX-301(P), be sure to use the optional quick-connection cable.
- Extension up to total 100m is possible with 0.3mm², or more, cable. However, in order to reduce noise, make the wiring as short as possible
- This sensor is suitable for indoor use only.
- Avoid dust, dirt, and steam.
- Take care that the product does not come in direct contact with water, oil, grease, or organic solvents, such as, thinner, etc.

  This sensor cannot be used in an environment containing inflammable or explosive gases.
- Never disassemble or modify the sensor.

## 5 CASCADING

- Make sure that the power supply is off while adding or removing the amplifiers.
  Make sure to check the allowable ambient temperature, as it depends on the number of amplifiers connected in cascade.
- In case two, or more, amplifiers are connected in cascade, make sure to mount them on a DIN rail.
- When the amplifiers move on the DIN rail depending on the attaching condition fitting them between the optional end plates (MS-DIN-E) mounted at the two ends.
- When connecting in cascade, mount the amplifiers close to each other, fitting them between the optional end plates (MS-DIN-E) mounted at the two ends.
- Up to maximum 15 amplifiers can be added (total 16 amplifiers connected in cascade.)
   When connecting more than two amplifiers in cascade, use the sub cable (CN-71-C□)
- as the quick-connection cable for the second amplifier onwards.

  In case of using the connector type FX-301(P) with the cable type FX-301(P)-C1 in cascade, mount the identical models together.
- In case the modified version units are mounted with the conventional version units in cascade, place the modified version units to the right side (see from the connector side) of the conventional version units. For a difference between the modified version unit and the conventional version unit, refer to II A DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE MODIFIED VERSION UNIT AND THE CONVENTIONAL VERSION UNIT'.
- The settings other than the interference prevention function cannot be transmitted between this product and other digital fiber amplifiers. Therefore, in case both models of amplifiers are mounted in cascade, be sure to mount identical models together. However, the interference prevention function is not incorporated into the FX-303(P). Take care when the sensors are mounted in cascade
- Since the communication function of this product and that of the FX-301(P)-F is different, if these models are mounted in cascade, do not use the communication function.

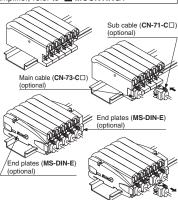
For mounting and removing the amplifier, refer to '2 MOUNTING'

#### Cascading method

- 1 Mount the amplifiers, one by one, on the 35mm width DIN rail and make them close each
- 2 Insert the connector of the quick-connection cable to the connector part of the amplifier.
- 3 Mount the optional end plates (MS-DIN-E) at both the ends to hold the amplifiers between their flat sides.
- 4 Tighten the screws to fix the end plates (MS-DIN-E).

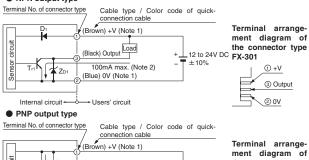
## Dismantling

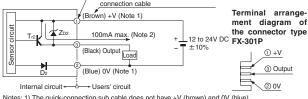
- 1) Pressing the projection at the top of the quick-connection cable, pull out the connector.
- 2 Remove the amplifier.



## 6 I/O CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

#### NPN output type





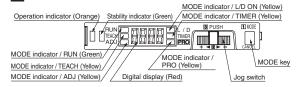
Notes: 1) The quick-connection sub cable does not have +V (brown) and 0V (blue).

The power is supplied from the connector of the main cable.

2) 50mA max., the connector type **FX-301(P)** five, or more, amplifiers are connected in cascade.

Symbols...D1, D2: Reverse supply polarity protection diode Z<sub>D1</sub>, Z<sub>D2</sub>: Surge absorption zener diode Tr1: NPN output transistor Tr2: PNP output transistor

## **7** PART DESCRIPTION



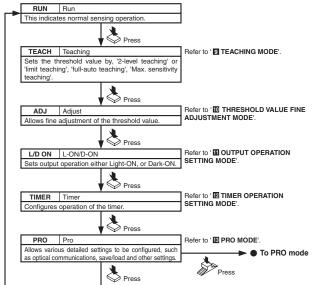
## **8 OPERATION PROCEDURE**

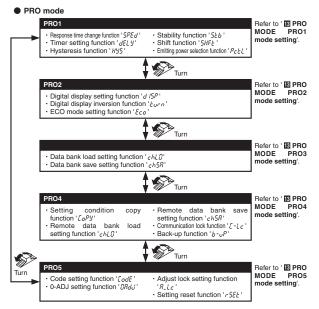
 When the power supply is switched on, communication
 Sun s displayed [MODE indicator / RUN (green)] lights up and the digital display shows the incident light intensity



MODE key		Jog switch						
Press	Press	Tu	rn					
Press	Press	'+' side	'-' side					

- \*1: When Jog switch is pressed, the setting is confirmed.
- \*2: When MODE key is pressed for 2 sec., or more, the sensor returns to the 'RUN' mode.
- \*3: Cancellation is possible by pressing MODE key during setting.
- \*4: When Jog switch is turned in the 'RUN' mode, the current threshold value is displayed. And then, the current incident light intensity display appears again automatically.





## 9 TEACHING MODE

#### In case of 2-level teaching

• This is the method of setting the threshold value by teaching two levels, corresponding to the object present and object absent conditions. Normally, setting is done by this method.

Step	Display	Description
1	1234	Set the fiber within the sensing range.     Press MODE key to light up MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow).  Press MODE key to light up MODE indicator / TEACH (pullow).  Press MODE key to light up MODE indicator / TEACH (pullow).
2	587	Press Jog switch in the object present condition.     If the teaching is accepted, the read incident light intensity blinks in the digital display.  Press
3	1234	The MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow) blinks.     Press Jog switch in the object absent condition.
(4)	3000	<ul> <li>If the teaching is accepted, the read incident light intensity blinks in the digital display and the threshold value is set at the mid-value between the incident light intensities in the object present and the object absent conditions.</li> </ul>
4	KRrd	After this, the judgment on the stability of sensing is displayed. In case stable sensing is possible: ${}^{9}\mathit{Soo}{}^{0}$ is displayed. In case stable sensing is not possible: ${}^{1}\mathit{RR}{}^{0}\mathit{C}{}^{0}$ is displayed.
(5)	900	The threshold value is displayed.
6	1234	The incident light intensity appears in the digital display and the setting is complete.

Note: In case of using the fibers, if Jog switch is pressed in the object absent condition at ② and ③, the sensitivity is set to the maximum.

#### In case of limit teaching

 $\ensuremath{\bullet}$  This is the method of setting the threshold value by teaching only the object absent condition (stable incident light condition). This is used for detection in the presence of a background body or for detection of small objects.

Step	Display	Description
1	1234	- Set the fiber within the sensing range Press MODE key to light up MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow).
2	1234	Press Jog switch in the object absent condition.     If the teaching is accepted, the read incident light intensity blinks in the display.  Press
3	1234	The MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow) blinks. Turn Jog switch to the '+' side or the '-' side.  Turn
4	•	If Jog switch is turned to the '+' side, ' ' 'scrolls (twice) the display from right to left, and the threshold level is shifted to a value approx. 15% higher (lower sensitivity) than that set at (2). Turn to '+' side (Note) This is used in case of reflective type fibers.  If Jog switch is turned to the '-' side, ', ' 'scrolls (twice) the display from left to right, and the threshold level is shifted to a value approx. 15% lower (higher sensitivity) than that set at (2). Turn to '-' side (Note) This is used in case of thru-beam type fibers.  Sensitivity level  Turn to '-' side  Sensitivity level  Low  Option 1576  Sensitivity level  With object absent.  Sensitivity level
5	Sood KRrd	After this, the judgment on whether the set shift amount is possible or not will be displayed.     When the shift is possible: ' good' is displayed.     When the is not possible: ' MRrd' is displayed.
6	1420	The threshold value is displayed.
7	1234	The incident light intensity appears in the digital display and the setting is complete.

Note: The approx, 15% amount of shift is the initial value. The amount of shift can be changed in the PRO mode from approx. 5 to 80% (5% step). Refer to ' [5] PRO MODE / PRO1 mode for the setting method.

#### In case of full-auto teaching

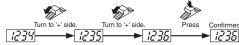
 Full-auto teaching is used when it is desired to set the threshold value without stopping the assembly line, with the object in the moving condition.

Step	Display	Description
1	1234	Set the fiber within the sensing range.     Press MODE key to light up MODE indicator / TEACH (yellow).  Press MODE key to light up MODE indicator / TEACH (pellow).
2	587	Press Jog switch continuously for 0.5 sec. or more with the object moving on the assembly line. (The incident light intensity is displayed during sampling.)  Press
3	Ruto	<ul> <li>'θωξο' is displayed on the digital display. Release the jog switch when the object has passed.</li> </ul>
(4)	3000	<ul> <li>If the teaching is accepted, the read incident light intensity blinks in the digital display and the threshold value is set at the mid-value between the incident light intensities in the object present and the object absent conditions.</li> </ul>
4	HRrd	After this, the judgment on the stability of sensing is displayed. In case stable sensing is possible: ${}^{\prime}9og^{\prime}$ is displayed. In case stable sensing is not possible: ${}^{\prime}8ng^{\prime}$ is displayed.
(5)	900	The threshold value is displayed.
6	1234	The incident light intensity appears in the digital display and the setting is complete.

## 10 THRESHOLD VALUE FINE ADJUSTMENT MODE

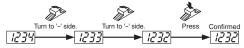
- Fine adjustment of the threshold value can be done when MODE indicator / ADJ (yellow) lights up.
- When Jog switch is turned to the '+' side, the threshold value increases (constitute decreases).

value increases (sensitivity decreases).
When Jog switch is pressed, the threshold value is confirmed.



 When Jog switch is turned to the '-' side, the threshold value decreases (sensitivity increases).

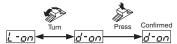
When Jog switch is pressed, the threshold value is confirmed.



## **11** OUTPUT OPERATION SETTING MODE

- The output operation setting can be done when MODE indicator / L/D ON (yellow) lights up.
- The output operation is changed when Jog switch is turned to the '+' side or the '-' side.

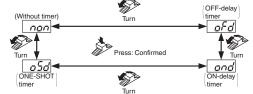
When Jog switch is pressed, the threshold value is confirmed.



## **TIMER OPERATION SETTING MODE**

- The setting for whether the timer is used or not can be done when MODE indicator / TIMER (yellow) lights up.
- 10ms OFF-delay (initial value) timer is automatically set
- when the timer is set to be used.

  Refer to 'EPRO MODE / PRO1 mode setting' for the setting method of the OFF-delay timer, ON-delay timer and ONE-SHOT timer intervals.



Notes: 1) The timer interval set in the PRO mode is displayed.
2) The factory setting is without timer 'non'.

## 13 PRO MODE

- For details of the settings and the setting procedure of the PRO mode, refer to the SUNX home page (http://www.sunx.co.jp/) or contact our office.
- PRO settings can be done when MODE indicator / PRO (yellow) lights up.

   RUN RUN RADIO

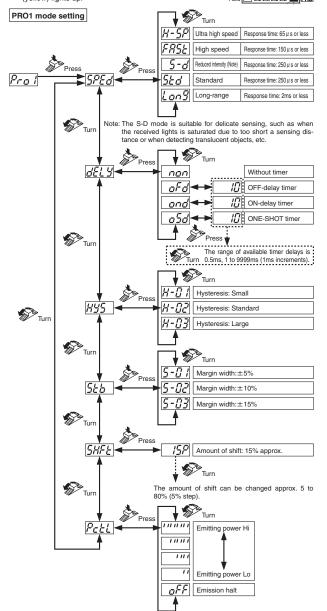
  ARCITICATOR

  RUN RADIO

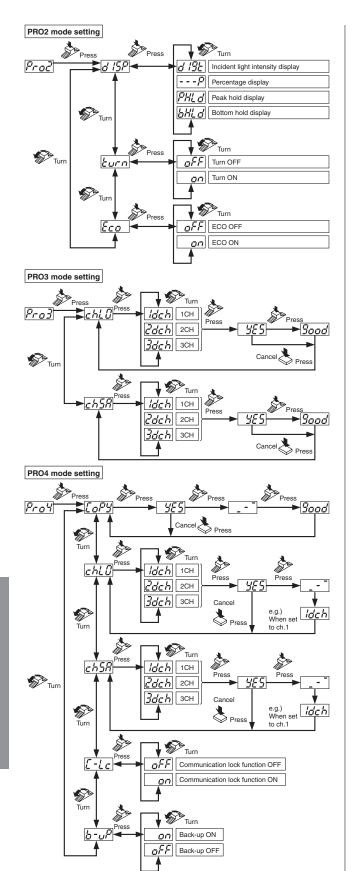
  ARCITICATOR

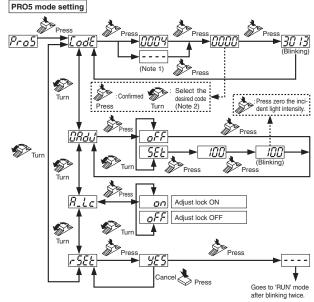
  RUN RADIO

  RADIO



Note: Only in the response time • H-SP mode, ON condition, the emitting power is 3 level.





Notes: 1) When any code other than the codes given in the Code setting table below is used, '----' is displayed. The factory setting is '0007'.

2) When the code setting function is used, refer to the 'Code setting table

_,	 
nde setting table	٥

Oou	e settii	ig table	J	TEACH ADJ			TIMER  PRO			
	1st figu	ire		2nd figu	ire	<u> </u>	3rd figu	ire		4th figure
Direct code	Response time	Hyste- resis	Direct code	L-ON/ D-ON	Display	Direct code	Adjust lock	Timer operation	Direct code	Timer
0	STD	H-02 (standard)	0	L-ON	digit	0	ON	NON	0	OFF
-/-	STD	H-03 (large)	- /	L-ON	Percent	1	ON	OFF-delay	1	1ms
2	STD	H-01 (small)	2	L-ON	Peak hold	2	ON	ON-delay	2	3ms
3	LONG	H-02 (standard)	3	L-ON	Bottom hold	3	ON	ONE-SHOT	3	5ms
4	LONG	H-03 (large)	4	D-ON	digit	4	OFF	NON	4	10ms
5	LONG	H-01 (small)	5	D-ON	Percent	5	OFF	OFF-delay	5	30ms
Б	FAST	H-02 (standard)	8	D-ON	Peak hold	5	OFF	ON-delay	8	50ms
7	FAST	H-03 (large)	7	D-ON	Bottom hold	7	OFF	ONE-SHOT	7	100ms
8	FAST	H-01 (small)	-	-	-	_	-	-	8	300ms
9	S-D	H-02 (standard)	-	-	-	_	-	-	9	500ms
_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	R	1s
-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	Ь	2s
-	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	Ε	3s
_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	ď	4s
-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	Ε	5s

3) In order to change PRO mode setting to 'RUN' mode, press MODE key for 2 sec, or more,

## **14** KEY LOCK FUNCTION

• If the jog switch and MODE key are pressed for more than 2 sec. at the same time in 'RUN' mode condition, the key operations are locked, and only the threshold value confirmation function or the adjust function (valid only when the adjust lock function is canceled) is valid.

To cancel the lock function, press both the keys for more than 2 sec. once again.

## 15 A DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE MODIFIED VERSION UNIT AND THE CONVENTIONAL VERSION UNIT

 The unit that 'NAVI' is printed only on a side is the modified version unit. The unit that 'NAVI' is printed on the both sides is the conventional version unit. Make sure to check this when both version units are used together.



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PRINTED IN JAPAN

# NPS SERIES

# **ON / OFF Input Sensor Controller**



# **Multi-functional slim** sensor controller

## **DIN** rail mounting

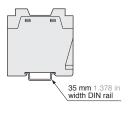
Mountable on 35 mm 1.378 in DIN rail by one-push. It reduces mounting space and mounting operations.

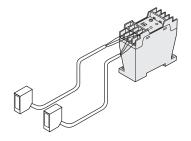
## Two outputs: contact and non-contact

Useful for various applications because the controller has two outputs, relay contact and NPN open-collector transistor output. (NPS-C7 and NPS-CT7 only)

## Connects two sensors NPS-C7W

Two sensors can be connected, and two independent outputs are generated.

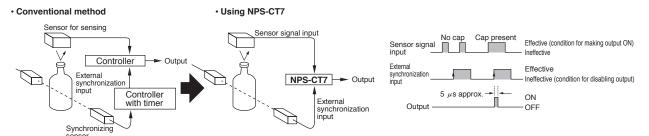




## Edge trigger NPS-CT7

Synchronized input is possible at either the rising or the falling edge of the external synchronization signal. With this, now only one controller suffices where earlier two were required in applications, such as, detecting presence of bottle caps.

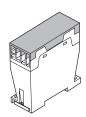
## Example: Detecting presence of cap on bottle



## **ORDER GUIDE**

Туре	Appearance	Model No.	Supply voltage	Power supply for sensor	Output	External synchronization function	Timer function
General use		NPS-C7		12 V DC ± 10 % 150 mA max.	Relay contact 1c     NPN open-collector transistor	Gate trigger	
High-performance		NPS-CT7		12 V DC ± 10 % 130 mA max.		Gate trigger and edge trigger	Three function selectable timer
Two sensor connection		NPS-C7W		12 V DC ± 10 % 120 mA max.	Relay contact 1c two outputs		

Accessory
• NPS-CV (Protection cover)



## **SPECIFICATIONS**

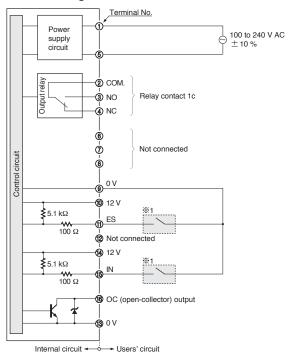
		T: ::: a	DIN rail mounting					
		Type	General use	High-performance	Two sensor connection			
Iter	m \	Model No.	NPS-C7	NPS-CT7	NPS-C7W			
Applicable sensors		nsors	Photoelectric sensor, inductive proximity sensor, etc., with NPN transistor output or relay output					
Sup	ply voltag	е	100 to 240 V AC ± 10 %					
Pov	ver consur	mption	6 VA or less					
Power Voltage supply		Voltage	12 V DC $\pm$ 10 % (incorporated with short-circuit protection)					
	sensor	Current	150 mA	130 mA	120 mA			
Output			Relay contact 1c Switching capacity: - Switc					
	Output o	peration	Switchable normal operation or inverse operation					
Res	sponse tim	e	Relay contact: 10 ms approx., NPN open-collector transistor: 5 $\mu$ s or less					
	Power		!	Red LED (lights up when the power is ON)				
S	Output (N	Note)	Red LED (lights up when the output is ON)					
Indicators	Sensor s	ignal input		Red LED (lights up when the sensor signal input is effective				
	External synchron	ization input		Red LED (lights up when the external synchronization input is effective)				
External synchronization function		ronization function	Gate trigger	Gate trigger and edge trigger				
Timer function		1		Three function selectable timer (Delay time: switchable either 40 ms to 1 sec. or 0.4 sec. to 10 sec.)				
Ambient temperature		temperature	- 10 to $+$ 50 °C $+$ 14 to $+$ 122 °F (No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage: $-$ 30 to $+$ 70 °C $-$ 22 to $+$ 158 °F					
resistance	Ambient	humidity	35 to 85 % RH, Storage: 35 to 85 % RH					
resis	Noise im	munity	Power line: 1,500 Vp, and 0.5 $\mu$ s pulse width (with noise simulator)					
	Voltage v	vithstandability	1,500 V AC for one min. between the power and the output terminals					
Environmental	Insulation	n resistance	10 $M\Omega$ , or more, with 500 V DC megger between the power and the output terminals					
	Vibration	resistance	10 to 55 Hz frequency, 0.75 mm 0.030 in amplitude in X, Y and Z directions for two hours each					
Ш	Shock re	sistance	100 m/s <sup>2</sup> acceleration (10 G approx.) in X, Y and Z directions for two times each					
Mat	terial		Enclosure: ABS, Terminal block: PBT (Glass fiber reinforced)					
Connecting method		ethod	Terminal block					
We	ight		160 g approx.					
Accessories			Short bar: 1 pc., NPS-CV (Protection cover): 1 pc., Short-circuit protection plate: 1 pc. Adjusting screwdriver: 1 pc. (NPS-CT7 only)					

Note: In NPS-C7W, two output indicators, Sensor 1 output indicator and Sensor 2 output indicator, have been incorporated.

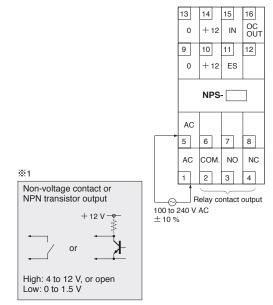
## I/O CIRCUIT AND WIRING DIAGRAMS

# NPS-C7 NPS-CT7

## I/O circuit diagram



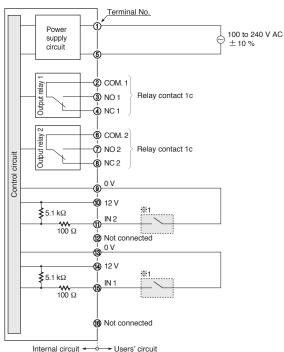
## Terminal arrangement diagram



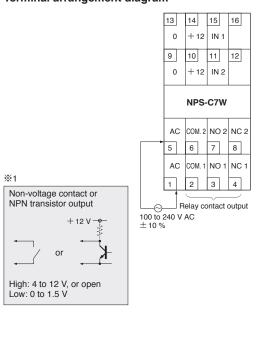
Note: Response time of the NPN open-collector transistor output of NPS-C7 and NPS-C77 is 5  $\mu$ s. If a relay or a micro-switch (mechanical contact) is connected, its bounce may result in output chattering. Take care of this aspect, especially when the timer function is used.

## **NPS-C7W**

## I/O circuit diagram



## Terminal arrangement diagram

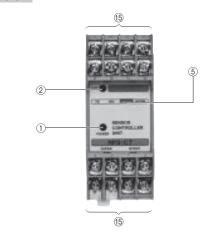


## PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

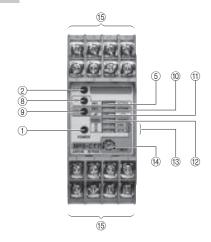
This product is not a safety controller. It does not possess control functions needed for accident prevention or safety maintenance.

## **Functional description**

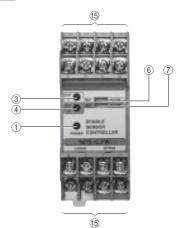
NPS-C7



NPS-CT7



NPS-C7W



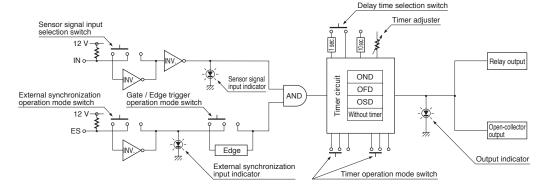
	Description	Function		
1	Power indicator (Red LED)	Lights up when the power is ON		
2	Output indicator (Red LED)			
3	Sensor 1 output indicator (Red LED)	Lights up when the output is ON.		
4	Sensor 2 output indicator (Red LED)			
(5)	Sensor signal input selection switch	Selects the output operation.  INV. NORM.  INV.: The output is ON when the sensor signal input is High.  NORM.: The output is ON when the sensor signal input is Low.		
6	Sensor 1 output operation mode switch	Selects the output operation.  INV. NORM.		
7	Sensor 2 output operation mode switch	INV.: The output is ON when the sensor signal input is High. NORM.: The output is ON when the sensor signal input is Low.		
8	Sensor signal input indicator (Red LED)	Indicates the state of the sensor signal input. The operation differs according to the mode set with ⑤ Sensor signal input selection switch. INV.: Lights up when the sensor signal input is High.  NORM.: Lights up when the sensor signal input is Low.		
9	External synchronization input indicator (Red LED)	Indicates the state of the external synchronization input. Lights up when the external synchronization input does not disable the output.		
10	External synchronization operation mode switch	Selects the operation of external synchronization.  INV.  NORM.  INV.: The output is neglected when the external synchronization input is High.  NORM.: The output is neglected when the external synchronization input is Low.		
11)	Gate / Edge trigger operation mode switch	Selects Gate trigger or Edge trigger.		
12	Delay time selection switch			
13	Timer operation mode switch	Selects the timer operation.  (A) (B) (C) (D)  Ineffective ON-delay OFF-delay ONE SHOTE  (III) (		
14)	Timer adjuster	Set the delay time.		

## PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Block diagrams (The diagrams below explain NPS's operation in a simple manner. The actual circuits may differ slightly.)

#### NPS-C7 NPS-C7W Sensor 1 output operation mode switch Sensor signal input selection switch 12 V Relay output 1 IN 1 Relay output AND Sensor 1 output indicator Open-collector Sensor 2 output operation mode switch output Output indicator Relay output 2 Sensor 2 output indicator

## NPS-CT7



## Timer functions (NPS-CT7 only)

· NPS-CT7 has three types of convenient built-in timer functions.

#### ON-delay (OND)

<Function>: Neglects short output signals. <Application>: As only long signals are extracted, this function is useful for detecting if a line is choked or for sensing only objects taking a long time to travel.

#### OFF-delay (OFD)

<Function>: Extends the output signal for a fixed period of time.

<Application>: This function is useful if the output signal is so short that the connected device cannot respond.

## ONE SHOT (OSD)

<Function>: Outputs a fixed width signal upon sensing.

<Application>: This function is useful when the input specifications of the connected device require a signal of fixed width. Of course, it is also useful for extending a short width signal to a desired width.

## Selection switch and timer operation

Switch	setting	Sensor signal input	High
Sensor signal input selection Timer operation selection		Output operation	Low
	OND OS D	Input not inverted normal operation	OFF
	N OND O S D OFD D	Input not inverted ON-delay	T ON OFF
INV. ( NORM.	N OND O S D OFD D	Input not inverted OFF-delay	T T ON
	N OND O S D OFD D	Input not inverted ONE SHOT	T ON
	N OND OS D	Input inverted normal operation	
	N OND O	Input inverted ON-delay	
INV. NORM.	N OND O	Input inverted OFF-delay	OFF ON
	N OND O	Input inverted	OFF T T T ON
T	O OFD S	ONE SHOT	OFF_

Timer period: T = Switchable, either 40 ms approx. to 1 sec. approx., or 0.4 sec. approx. to 10 sec. approx.

Various other applications are possible.

世

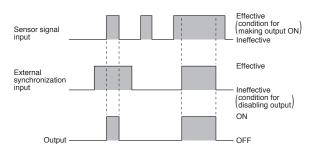
## NPS

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

#### External synchronization function (NPS-C7, NPS-CT7 only)

#### Gate trigger

The output is disabled when the external synchronization input is Low [mode selection switch on NORM. (Note)] or is High [mode selection switch on INV. (Note)] .



Note: Since NPS-C7 is not incorporated with the selection switch, the output is disabled only when the external synchronization input is Low

## · Edge trigger (NPS-CT7 only)

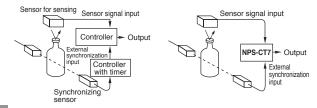
The sensor signal is judged at the instant the external synchronization input rises up or falls down.

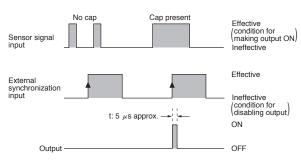
This sensor is ideal for cap presence detection that would have required two controllers in the past.

#### Example: Detecting presence of cap on bottle

#### <Conventional>

#### <NPS-CT7>





Note: As the output time ' t ' is only 5  $\,\mu s$  approx., extend it by using the OFFdelay timer or the ONE SHOT timer.

#### Mounting

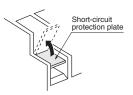
• To mount NPS with screws, use M4 screws. The tightening torque should be 0.78 N·m or less.

#### Wiring

- · Make sure that the power supply is off while wiring.
- · Verify that the supply voltage variation is within the rating.

#### Short-circuit protection plate

The short-circuit protection plate is attached to terminal No. 1 to prevent AC short-circuit. Flip the plate up, connect the wire to terminal No. 1, and then flip it down.

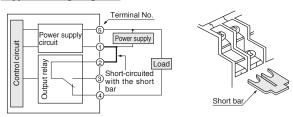


#### Short bar

The short bar saves wiring when a common power supply is used for the AC supply terminal and the load supply of the relay contact output.

The short bar is attached between the terminal Nos. 1 and 2 at the time of shipment from our factory. To use a separate power supply for the output relay, make sure to remove it.

#### Typical wiring diagram



#### · Dimensions of suitable crimp terminals

Unit: mm in

Y-shaped type	Round type		
3.2 0.126 or more or less or less (When crimped)	#3.2 #0.126 or less 6 0.236 or less or less (When crimped)		

Note: Use crimp terminals having insulation sleeves Recommended crimp terminal: Nominal size 1.25-3

- NPS-C7 and NPS-CT7 do not incorporate a short-circuit protection at the NPN open-collector transistor output. Do not connect them directly to a power supply or a capacitive load.
- The response time of the NPN open-collector transistor output of NPS-C7 or NPS-CT7 is 5 us. If a relay or a micro-switch (mechanical contact) is connected, take care since its bounce may result in output chattering
- · Do not run the wires together with high-voltage lines or power lines or put them in the same raceway. This can cause malfunction due to induction.

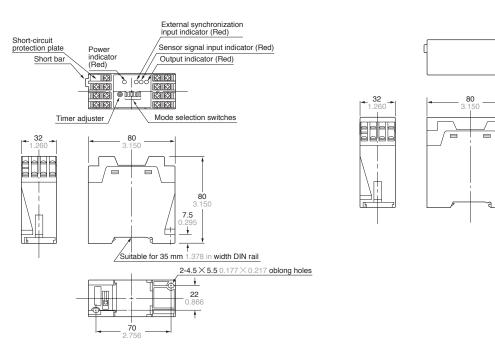
- Do not use during the initial transient time (0.5 sec.) after the power supply is switched on.
- · Avoid dust, dirt, and steam.
- · Take care that the controller does not come in direct contact with water, oil, grease, or organic solvents, such as, thinner, etc.

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in) The CAD data in the dimensions can be downloaded from the SUNX website: http://www.sunx.co.jp/

## NPS-

## Assembly dimensions with attached protection cover

(83.5)



Notes: 1) The above drawing illustrates the dimensions of NPS-CT7.

The dimensions of NPS-C7 and NPS-C7W are identical to those given above.

2) The front panel of each model is different.

Refer to p.850 for more details of the front panels.